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Jet Meteor's Record Endurance Flight

Littlehampton, Sussex, Aug. 7.—A British jet Meteor fighter, which normally exhausts its fuel in about one hour, was kept flying for 12 hrs, 3 mins. here today by a new system of mid-air refuelling.

The flying time of the Meteor, which was piloted by Patrick Hornidge, is claimed as an endurance record for a jet-powered machine. The aircraft refuelled 10 times with a total of 2,352 gallons of kerosene and covered about 3,600 miles.

The test was carried out by a private company, Flight Refuelling Limited, with an aircraft hired from the Ministry of Supply. A company spokesman described the refuelling operation, which was carried out while the plane flew at 200 miles an hour, as "extremely successful."

Refuelling is done through a pipeline trailed from a supporting aircraft, tanker. The jet plane flies a little below and behind the tanker, and the end of the line is caught in its nose.

A valve opens and the fuel is pumped into the jet's tanks.—Reuter.

Quirino Arrives In San Francisco

San Francisco, Aug. 7.—President Elpidio Quirino of the Philippines arrived by plane today "filled with the most pleasant anticipations." Accompanied by several high-ranking officials, President Quirino is on his way to Washington tomorrow to pay an official visit to President Truman.

A welcoming crowd estimated at 600 was at the airport.

Among them were Mr. Benigno Peolanan, Philippine Acting Consul General at San Francisco; Mr. Sotomayor, Philippine Consul at Los Angeles; and Mr. Pedro G. Ramirez, Philippine Consul at Seattle.

President Quirino's visit will give impetus to the State Department's thorough review of American policy in the Far East, the New York Times said today.

The review by the State Department is due to begin this week.

"President Quirino is the leading spirit in a movement to establish some kind of union of Southeast Asian states to resist the aggressive tactics that the Chinese Communists are expected to employ as their forces move toward China's southern border," the report said.—Reuter.

PACIFIC UNION

Washington, Aug. 7.—Philippine affairs specialists see the main items on the possible Quirino programme during the Philippine President's three-day Washington stay.

They stress the possibility of some talks on a Pacific alliance

to quarantine Asian Communism in China and Soviet Asia.

It is believed some of Mr. Quirino's advisers had been against his bringing this matter up here, but the pact appears to be the President's favourite and greatest foreign policy contribution.

In his statement on March 18 he became the first Far Eastern leader to speak out for a Pacific counterpart of the North Atlantic defence pact, and he has been working for it ever since.

His persistence won him the willingness of President Truman and the Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, to exchange ideas on the matter with him.

It was speculated that Mr. Quirino might take up with Mr. Truman or other Washington officials the following topics besides the Pacific Union:

OTHER POINTS

1. Arms aid. Mr. Quirino may want to dramatize the Philippine defence situation. The revised US\$1,450,000,000 foreign arms aid bill would give the Philippines, Iran and Korea \$27,000,000 worth of military assistance, to be split three ways. The Philippines reportedly estimated its own needs at more than this. It was also (Continued on Page 5)

HISTORIC TALKS TO STRENGTHEN EUROPEAN UNITY

Strasbourg, Aug. 7.—The Foreign Ministers of the 10 founder members of the Council of Europe, starting its historic first session here this week, will tomorrow open the way for a month's discussions over a wide field of projects for tightening European unity.

They will set their seal on a report to the Council's Consultative Assembly, giving their ideas on the aims and scope of the Council, and inviting the Assembly, which meets on Wednesday, to submit its ideas on practical projects for discussion.

Projects already mooted for debate in the Assembly range from public works schemes to

the question of establishing a European Court of Human Rights.

The creation of a European passport, setting up of a European broadcasting station, and the establishment of a European patents office are among the subjects mentioned.

Indications tonight were that the Consultative Assembly, with over 100 delegates representing its 12 members—extending from Turkey in the East to Eire in the West—will have a greater measure of freedom in its discussions than had been expected.

NO RIGID AGENDA

Under the Charter of the Council, drawn up by the Foreign Ministers in London last May, the Consultative Assembly may only discuss subjects approved by the committee of Ministers, and matters of national defence are in any case barred.

At a two-day meeting of the Foreign Ministers' deputies, which ended in Paris yesterday, it was agreed, however, that no rigid agenda should be submitted to the Assembly, although an agenda had actually been drafted by the Council's Preparatory Commission in Paris over the last few weeks.

Instead, the Assembly will receive a report, to be approved by the Foreign Ministers, which will be presented in Strasbourg City Hall tomorrow afternoon, suggesting a general framework of broad subjects for discussion.

In the general debate on the report, which will follow the election of the Assembly's first President, delegates will be free to raise subjects for inclusion in the agenda. The Assembly will then refer back to the Committee of Ministers its own list of suggested subjects for their approval.

STRASBOURG CAY

Strasbourg, France's "Sentinel on the Rhine," which wears the battle scars of every major European war since Louis XIV, was today a land of sunshine, gay frocks and flags, as officials made final arrangements for the Council meetings.

As church bells pealed through the morning heat haze, people flocked to the medieval University building, which has been transformed into the seat of Europe's first "Parliament."

Workmen and technicians were today putting the finishing touches to the transformation of the building.

About 350 men have been engaged on the work, which has cost 36,000,000 francs, of which about two-thirds has been paid by the Council of Europe and the rest by the French Government as hosts.

National emblems of the 12 countries—Greece and Turkey will be invited tomorrow by the Foreign Ministers to join the Council—fluttered over the main squares and from prominent buildings.

NEW FLAG

Predominant among the flags was that of United Europe—a banner consisting entirely of a large white "U" interlocked with a green "E".

The first meeting of the Consultative Assembly will be opened on Wednesday by the veteran French radical statesman Edouard Herriot, Speaker of the French Assembly and provisional President of the Council of Europe.

Running commentaries on the opening ceremonies will be broadcast in Britain, France and other European countries from windowed studios set up in the gallery round the 100-foot square hall.

When the Consultative Assembly holds its first meeting on Wednesday the delegates of 12 nations will be seated in alphabetical order of individuals round a half circle of seats. After the first session, it is expected that they will be free to choose their own seats.

The purpose of this arrangement is that whatever grouping of delegates takes place shall be spontaneous and not imposed from without.

According to tentative plans, the Consultative Assembly will (Continued on Page 5)

Notorious Malay Bandit Shot Dead

Singapore, Aug. 7.—An ordinary lead bullet—and not the silver one that he said would be necessary—today killed Wan Ali, notorious Malay gangster.

Wan Ali had taught his followers that he was a demigod, called himself "King of the Invulnerable Cult," and said that he could be killed only by a silver bullet.

The lead one from which he died was fired by a rifle of the Kampong Guards during an engagement with bandit forces in the Herantut area of Pahang.—Reuter.

DETECTIVE KILLED

Singapore, Aug. 7.—A Chinese detective was shot and killed by a woman bandit in a coffee shop near Ipoh today.

The woman escaped after throwing a hand grenade, which wounded two women, a girl, and an Indian police sergeant who opened fire on her.—Reuter.

"Living Fossil" Tree



The botanical name of this rare tree is *Melastoea Glyptostrobilos*, commonly known as a "Living Fossil" tree. It is a very rare plant, thought to have its ancestry in Mesozoic times. It was believed to have been extinct until found by a Chinese botanist in the Shui-sa-da Valley, in Hupeh Province, Central China. It was presented to the Royal Horticultural Society, and the Princess Royal is seen planting it at Exbury Gardens.

Demand For Recall Of MacArthur To Testify On Aid

Washington, Aug. 7.—Republican Senator William Knowland demanded today that General Douglas MacArthur be recalled from Tokyo to give his views on the importance to the Far East of President Truman's \$1,450,000,000 arms aid programme.

While he spoke only for death struggle against the Communists, Senator Knowland seemed to be assured of the backing of 13 other Senators who have joined in asking that \$175,000,000 on the money be earmarked for Nationalist China in its

Senator Knowland made his proposal as the Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, was preparing to go before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee on Monday to defend the programme against charges that it is too costly and too sweeping. The Administration agreed to the removal of the "blank cheque" clause from the bill but is standing pat on the claim the \$1,450,000,000 is the least amount of money that will do the job.

Nationalists Will Answer White Paper

Washington, Aug. 7.—The Chinese Ambassador to the United States, Dr. Wellington Koo, revealed today that the Chinese Nationalist Government is drafting a reply to the State Department's bluntly worded White Paper, which blamed Nationalist corruption and blundering for the Communist victory in China.

He held the Chinese Government may also supplement the White Paper later with some additional information in its possession in order to give a complete picture of the situation as possible.

While Dr. Koo did not directly criticize the bulky 1,054-page document, in which the State Department wrote off the Communist victory as an event beyond United States control, he said it was an unusual step, especially at this time when China is engaged in a struggle to check Communist elements.

Appealing for "better understanding from the United States of the Chinese Nationalist position," he repeated pleas for large-scale military aid.

Dr. Koo said China has learned from past experience and is trying to do a better job in the future. He did not elaborate on what steps his Government will take now, but his reference to "additional information" presumably means that Nationalists will publish some secret documents of their own.—United Press.

Senator Knowland urged the recall of General MacArthur in identical letters to Mr. Acheson and the Defence Secretary, Mr. Louis Johnson. He also suggested the return of Vice-Admiral Oscar Badger, Far Eastern Naval Commander.

VERY HOPEFUL

He told reporters that he was "very hopeful" that General MacArthur would be ordered back to give the Congress his ideas on what action would be necessary to protect China, Japan and Korea against the further spread of Communism. Senator Knowland said General MacArthur's ideas are more important now than ever before because of the "very critical juncture" in China's affairs.

NOT SLAMMING DOOR

In the meantime, some Senate sources voiced the belief that the Administration itself may take the first step towards cutting Nationalist China in for a possible shore of the arms money. They pointed out that unless China is named specifically in the measure, it would be impossible to ship any arms to the Nationalists for some time even if the State Department reversed its present "no help" policy. It would have to wait for Congressional action.

There is no indication at this time that the State Department's China policy will be changed. But these sources said it might be wise not to slam the door completely on such a possibility, and China could be included in the bill without committing the United States to aid non-United Press.

Fresh Quake Tremors In Ecuador

DEATH ROLL NOW 4,600

Quito, Ecuador, Aug. 7.—Two fresh earth tremors were felt today, adding to the confusion of rescuers and relief workers in areas stricken by Friday's earthquake. The new shocks were felt at Ambata and Rio Bamba, but no word has been received here whether they caused more damage and casualties.

A mercy plane crashed in the quake area yesterday, killing all 34 persons on board, including one Briton.

The dead were identified as four government officials, two crew members and 28 Shell Oil Company workers who were being taken to Ambata to see about their families.

The plane crew consisted of Pat Billington of Great Britain and Major Villalba, an Ecuadorian Air Force pilot.—Associated Press.

TOWN WIPED OUT

Quito, Aug. 7.—The death toll estimated from Ecuador's earthquake reached 4,600 today and President Gale Plaza Lasso said the town of Pelileo was completely destroyed and its inhabitants nearly all wiped out.

The unofficial estimate of property damage throughout the quake area was \$20,000,000. President Lasso said Pelileo was completely destroyed and out of 3,500 inhabitants only 300 survived.—Associated Press.

QUICK BURIALS

Quito, Ecuador, Aug. 7.—Scores of simple processions wound sorrowfully over the slopes of the Andes today to bury victims of the earthquake, which is reported to have killed nearly 3,000 persons.

Many others are believed dead, but the final total will not be known until masses of rubble have been explored.

The government ordered quick burial to prevent epidemics. The injured, in uncounted thousands, are being treated. An airlift is flying relief supplies of drugs and blood plasma into the quake-ridden area about 60 miles south of Quito.

Almost every report of casualties from stricken cities and towns emphasised that the death figures can be expected to go higher.—Associated Press.

DEAD UNKNOWN

Guayaquil, Ecuador, Aug. 7.—Rescue parties directed by the President, Dr. Gale Plaza Lasso, were today still digging to recover bodies from the ruins of Ambato and other Central Ecuador towns shattered by Friday's earthquake.

From Ambato, the worst-hit town, 250 bodies have so far been recovered.

One-third of the town's buildings collapsed under the impact of the earthquake, which Quito Observatory reported as being so violent that few buildings could withstand it.

The number of dead in Ambato, main line town 70 miles south of Quito, was 11 dead.

Twelve of the 13 men who perished were "smoke jumpers" youthful volunteers who bail out of planes to combat forest fires in otherwise inaccessible areas. The thirteenth casualty was a ground fireman who joined the jumpers after they had landed safely in a narrow rock-rimmed canyon called Mann Gulch.

Suddenly, the wind shifted, whipping flames across their only path of escape except the steep rock.

Lightning started a new fire today 30 miles from the main blaze, and men were pulled off the fire line to risk to the new blaze in the hope that it could be controlled before it became too widespread.—United Press.

Big Forest Fire Claims 13 Lives

Helena, Montana, Aug. 7.—Forest Service officials today called for more volunteers to fight the Northwest's worst forest fire in 40 years, which is raging out of control throughout the narrow "Gates of the Mountain" canyon 25 miles north of here.

Thirteen men died in the flames while 500 men are engaged in battling the blaze, which has already destroyed more than 4,000 acres of timber. The Forest Service said the fire was still a "long way" from being brought under control.

The bodies of 11 dead, have been brought out of the rugged wilderness through a haphazard trail to the helicopter landing from where they will be flown to Helena. Two other bodies are lying in a Helena hospital.

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Peiping-Changsha Telegraph Open

San Francisco, Aug. 7.—The Communist Peiping-Changsha telegraph service between Peiping and Changsha, the provincial capital of Hunan which was occupied by Communist troops on August 4, had been resumed.

The resumption of radio-telephone service between the two cities is expected soon.—Reuter.

EDITORIAL

The Conservative View

FOR some time past, the Conservatives, encouraged by their successes in the recent local elections, have been busily preparing their campaign for Britain's next general election. An exhaustive examination of the party's aims has culminated in a general statement of policy—a 68-page booklet with the confident title "The Right Road For Britain." Published last month, this statement will be discussed and voted upon at the Conservative Party's annual conference in October. Rumours that Mr. Churchill was to be eased out of the Party leadership have apparently been unfounded, and it seems that the Party will continue to have the benefit of his oratorical pyrotechnics. When he is out of power Mr. Churchill appears uncomfortably like a knight without a horse; but he is at his happiest in a fight and he has entered the election lists with gusto. In a speech made just after the publication of his party's policy statement he said: "The main aim of Conservative policy is to restore the greatness of Britain." The greatest help Britain could give to the world, Mr. Churchill said, was to stand "erect on her own feet in her native strength." There can be no quarrel with this general sentiment, but it can hardly be said to be new. Indeed, political observers in Britain have been quick to point out the many similarities between "The Right Road" and the Socialists' corresponding policy statement, "Labour Believes in Britain." "The Right Road" states that the Conservatives will try to keep wages at their present level, and denies that they will resort to the creation of unemployment to stimulate production and maintain industrial discipline. It promises not only to maintain social services but in some ways to increase them; among the suggested improvements are bigger pensions, better

conditions in the Regular Army, higher salaries for teachers and an expansion of the national health scheme. At the same time it is proposed to reduce both income tax and purchase tax. Another section of the statement says that the Conservatives will eliminate wasteful Government expenditure. But even so, if wages are not to be reduced and more money is to be spent on social services, it is difficult to see where there is a margin for tax cuts. Of nationalisation, where there is the greatest divergence of views between the parties, the Conservatives are unexpectedly tolerant. To avoid dislocation of industry they do not propose a wholesale return to private enterprise. "Where practicable," some industries will be sold back into private ownership, but most of them will remain State-run, though with drastic overhauls. The necessity for most of the present controls on industry is also admitted, if reluctantly. But there "The Right Road" comes to an end. There is little indication of how the Conservatives propose to tackle what is universally accepted as necessary for Britain's economic recovery: the increase of production and lowering of prices which alone will enable increased exports. It is perhaps too much to expect a political party to build its election platform on promises of harder work and harder times; but the Conservative policy statement seems to leave far too much unsaid. There is no realistic assessment of the difficulties which Britain is faced, and no concrete plan for the solution of them. As it stands at present, the Conservatives' projected election campaign must be worrying Mr. Attlee and his colleagues far less than the economic crisis—the solution of which would give the party responsible a universal mandate from the people of Britain.

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PRESS

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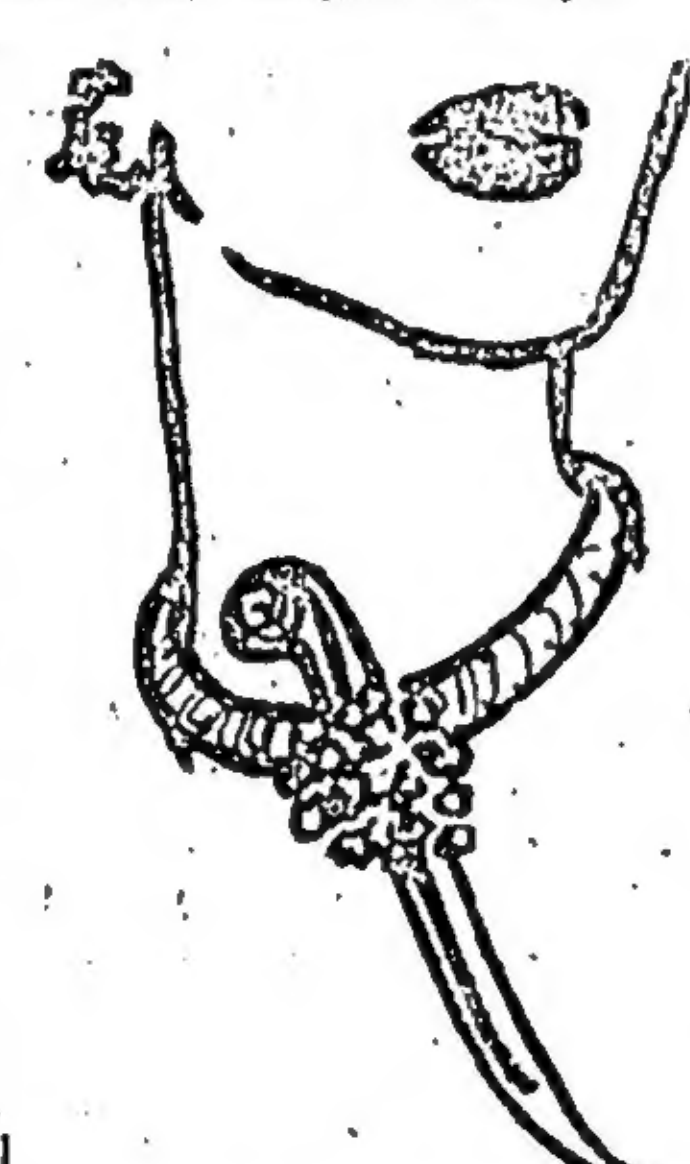


Robb's
London

always on the watch for the bright things in the
city, sketch-reporting both the famous and the un-
known. Today it is a house that caught his eye.

A STRAY SHOPPER strolls
past No. 10, Bedford-
square, known to Blooms-
buryites for that Spring-cleaned
look. A model of what a town
house should look like in sum-
mer sunshine.

Glistening paint (the door is
in pale blue-green), flower
boxes, jaunty awnings,
clipped yews on either side
of the door—all prove that the battle
of London's snoots can be won.
The lady herself is right, too.
Her black straw cloche-hat
comes right down on one side,
has a dip in the brim and a
flower and feather trim, making
the best of all seasons. But her
all-black (with the exception
of the crisp, white collar) outfit
needed something sterner than
nylon-net gloves.



THE WOMAN who broke the
Pearl Habit... she preferred
this by-oneside, pointed, scimitar-
her supple neck-collar in heavy
gold.

London Express Service

Child May Have Sinus Infection

By H. N. BUNDESEN, M.D.

ADULTS have no monopoly on
sinus infection. Children—
and even babies—are frequent
sufferers from this disorder.
Fortunately, we have in the
germ-killing drugs, such as
penicillin, excellent weapons for
cutting down the severity of the
attacks and for keeping the
condition from becoming
chronic.

Lack of Thyroid

There are a number of things
which may contribute to inflam-
mation of the sinuses. These
include infections, allergy or
overactivity, and disturbances of
the glands of internal
secretions, such as a lack of
thyroid secretion.

The baby under 18 months of
age with a sinus infection will
have fever and other symptoms
of infection. There is a nasal
discharge, which is usually
thick and yellow.

Treatment of the sinus infec-
tion includes, first of all, the
giving of one of the various
substances which combat the
germs. One of the sulfonamide
drugs, together with penicillin,
is generally satisfactory. The
two preparations together usually
give a better effect than
either alone. Exactly what
preparations to employ depends
upon the kind of germs produc-
ing the infection. The penicillin
is best given by injection into
a muscle.

The baby should be kept in a
room, which is comfortably
warm and in which there is
enough moisture in the air.
Local treatment consists of
gently sucking out the
secretions with a rubber bulb
every few hours, followed by
the use of either the sul-
fonamide drug or penicillin in
the form of nose drops is of
little value.

If there is sensitivity or
allergy to the use of one of the
preparations, the use of one of
the so-called anti-histamine
drugs will be of some help.

Hollywood Baby Yells Come High

By PATRICIA CLARY

LIKE everything else in film-
land, baby yells come high.
A studio estimated that every
time a baby cries off cue it
costs U.S.\$750.

An unscheduled howl ruins a
scene and wastes time so pre-
cious it runs into hundreds of
dollars a minute.

For example, two-month-old
Patricia Curren-Sylvestre was
hired for one day to sleep in
Evelyn Keyes' arms in one
scene from her latest co-starring
movie with Dick Powell, Regal
Films' "Mrs. Mike."

The law provides that
Patricia can work only 40
minutes a day, 20 minutes
during each of two two-hour
periods. She can be in front of
the cameras only 30 seconds at
a time with long rest periods
between shots.

That means that everything
has to move like lightning when
baby gets to work. If the scene
isn't finished when the 30
seconds are up, a state nurse
rushes in and yanks the baby
out, anyway.

Baby Howls
Little Patricia was sleeping
when the scene was set up and
"everyone moved in and took his
place on tip-toe. As Miss Keyes
approached carrying the sleep-
ing child, director King whis-
pered: "Roll 'em... Action!"

Patricia opened her eyes,
looked up and unleashed an ear-
splitting howl. She howled for
30 seconds and that was the
end of that scene.

They recalled the baby with
a slurp of sweetened water, ad-
ministered by the nurse, and
recoiled her to sleep again.
Everything was quiet as Miss
Keyes lifted her for the scene.
"Waaaaah!" went Patricia.
They tried a third time, and
a fourth. But just wasn't in-
clined to slumber.

Finally, she wore herself out,
and the company had the take.
Adding up the cost of delays
and waits, it was exactly
U.S.\$750 a howl.—United Press.

Swedish Rocking Chair Shows Up In Modern Lines

By ELIZABETH TOOMEY

NEW YORK.
A ROCKING chair in a
line of modern furniture
is as surprising as a brass-
hulled highboy.

But one importer of
Swedish modern furniture
has a streamlined rocking
chair in the new line.
Rounded lines are used both
in the birch framework and
the upholstered seat and
back.

The chair manages to
hold its own in a modern
room, even next to a new
low, round cocktail table
which raises and opens out
to seat six people for din-
ner.

This almost-magic converti-
bility is becoming more and
more popular with modern de-
signers. One part of a sec-
tional living room unit can be
used as a mirror-lined bar, or
space to hold a television set.

Leaves Hook On

A dining room table has
leaves that hook on either end
instead of fitting in a centre
opening. Supports pull out from
under the table to hold the
leaves, and the leaves, in turn,
are cut to fit the rounded ends
of the table.

The modern furniture ship-
ped from Sweden has been de-
signed specifically for American
homes and American tastes. The
same design is not found in
Swedish modern apartments.
Another kind of modern
furniture—the built-it-yourself
type—is being shown in a new
gallery.

For under U.S.\$14 you can
buy a carton containing all the

equipment for a living room
chair. All you have to do is put
it together.

Women Do Good Job

Designer Klaus Grabbe says
women do a surprisingly good
job assembling the parcelled
furniture. It is made from three-
quarter-inch birch plywood, to
be painted or stained in any
one of several ways. The
chairs and the couches have
web seats and backs. This is
included in the parcel too, along
with tacks, glue, hardware and
sandpaper.

The make-it-yourself fur-
niture is built along simple,
modern lines. The nearest
thing to upholstery are separate
foam rubber cushions which can
be bought to fit the chairs.

One of the most popular
pieces in the line for summer-
time living is the 56-inch-long
lounge chair. The parcel sells
for under U.S.\$10, with a choice
of red, gold, green, black or
gray webbing.

New Fabric Out

Still another summertime
product, this time a fabric for
window draperies, has been put
on the market.

The draperies are made of
plastic in gay patterns to suit
either the yard or in ready-
made drapes. They require
no ironing, can be wiped clean
with a damp cloth, and need no
lining, since the reverse side is
plain white.

The vinylite used in the
fabric is said to resist fading,
too, so the draperies will be
ideal for summer use when
windows are open.

—United Press.

Double Duty



THE NECKLINE of this
copper moire cocktail dress
by Herbert Sondheim may
be slipped open or shut,
simulating a demure high
collar or revealing an ex-
posed cleavage. This
autumn fashion was one of
those shown in New York's
current autumn fashion
previews.

An Adjustable Maternity Gown

HAND-DETAILING and pure
silk make their appearance
in maternity gowns. The gowns
provide adjustment via a self-
sash drawn through the waist-
band and tied either at both
sides or on just one side.

Shadow Stitching

Hand-detailing features
shadow stitching and cold em-
broidery as a delicate floral
wreath on the bodice. Scalloped
Val lace outlines the fabric
straps and heart-shaped neck-
line.

Hand-detailing is also sketched
on low-back maternity gowns
in multicolored crepe for au-
tumn wearing. One has the
same motif on the bodice re-
peated on coloured top
sleeves. Val lace is also used to
outline sleeves and sweetheart
neckline.

The pure silk maternity gown
is simply a new fabric version
of a successful tailored gown
in multicolored crepe with
covered back, short sleeves, and
club collar. One also is edged
with Val lace but has a pointed
collar. Silk colours include:
aqua, blue, pink, and white.

Eyes Need Good Care for Beauty



EMPHASISE the beauty of your eyes with properly-applied
eye make-up, says Movie Star Suzi Crandall who here
blends her eyelashes.

By HELEN FOLLETT

BEAUTIFUL eyes are a grand
good-looks blessing but, if
they are to be truly glamorous,
the surrounding flesh must be
smooth as satin. Thin lines in
the skin make the eyes look
weary, so be wise and wary.
When you are out of doors and
the sun is shining fit to burn
your hair off, wear dark glasses.
Squinting raises the lid with
the delicate tissues that form a
frame for the eyes.

By way of conditioning the
skin don't fail to use cream
every night of your life. There
are emollients made especially
to use on these areas. They
are light and delicate. When
applying them give the light,
delicate touch.
Night and morning bathe
your eyes with warm water,
then with cold. The sudden

change of the skin temperature
will cause the blood to come
rushing "right there" to make
the fibre firm and strong. A
creaming can follow. Let the
cream remain on at night; the
flesh will feed upon it.

If creases have already ap-
peared and you would erase
them apply the cream in such
a manner as to iron them cross-
wise, as you would press out
creases from a fabric.

Place the first finger on the
upper lid close to the nose.
Sweep outward to the temple,
do several circles there, com-
back under the eye to starting
point.

Emphasize the beauty of your
eyes with make-up. Learn to
use mascara, eye shadow and
an eyebrow pencil to best ad-
vantage.

Let's Eat BY IDA BAILEY ALLEN

Serve Crab Cake Loaf With Rich Cream Sauce

"MADAME, I am much im-
pressed with the clever
use made in Louisiana of the
red beans and the black eye
peas," remarked the Chef. "Take
the custom of eating red beans
and rice with a little beef. I
consider this a most appealing,
and substantial combination,
and it is inside the budget."
"It would be a good thing
in these days of high food
prices, if more dried legumes
were used," I agreed. "Com-
bined with a very little meat
they are a complete protein.
Of course in New England,
where I come from, Boston
baked beans are regularly used
once a week. In Texas and
Southern California they make
chili with red beans. And
baked white beans furnish style
are served occasionally. But
down here in Louisiana they
make delicious main dishes
from either red beans or black
eye peas. In fact they use
the two vegetables inter-
changeably."

Crab Cake Loaf
This is modelled on the
famous "oyster loaf" of New
Orleans. Fried oysters, or very
small fried (fried shrimp) cakes,
may be substituted for the
crab cakes.

To Put the Loaf Together:
Use one freshly baked small
loaf of French bread, or 1 small
loaf white bread. Lengthwise
cut off the top part of the loaf.
Remove the center crumbs,
leaving a 1" shell. Brush all
over inside with melted butter
or margarine, and brush the
top slice also. Brown both in
a hot oven, 425 F. Fill with
very small crabmeat cakes and
pour over a rich cream sauce
and a little tomato ketchup,
(not too sweet). Cover with the
loaf top, slice, and serve very
hot. Serve 2 or 3 crab cakes
and a slice of the loaf to each
person.

Small Crab Cakes: Turn the
contents of one (7 oz.) tin crab
flakes into a bowl. Remove
the shells, mince the crabmeat.
Combine with 1 small egg, 1/2
tbsp. flour, 1/2 tsp. salt, 1/2
tsp. pepper and 1/4 tsp. paprika.
Form into small flat cakes.
In a heavy frying-pan melt enough
butter or margarine to not
quite cover the bottom. In this
brown the crab cakes, on each
side. Use in making a loaf, or
place on toast, and serve 2 to
a person. A rich cream sauce
containing chopped chives or
chopped hard-cooked egg, may
be poured over to make the
crab cakes go farther.

Cherry Charlotte
Remove the stones from 1 tin
cherries any kind. Next rub
the bottom of a qt-sized bowl
baking dish with butter or
margarine. Cover with 1 c.
soft bread crumbs. Layer with
one-third of the cherries.
Sprinkle with 1 tsp. sugar.
Layer with a second cup
of the bread crumbs, then
with cherries and more sugar.
Top with a thin layer
of crumbs, mixed with 1
tbsp. melted butter or margarine,
1/4 tsp. cinnamon and 1 tsp.
sugar. Bake at 350 F. about 35
min., or until golden brown.
Serve warm or cold with top
cream, sweetened whipped cream
or whipped skim milk topping.

Trick Of The Chef.
Add a little minced mint or
2 tsp. melted mint jelly to
chilled citrus juice for in-
triguing flavour.

Dinner
Chilled Citrus Juice
Fish Chilli or Crab Cake Loaf
Fried Rice
Green Peas Farm Style
Cherry Charlotte
Coffee or Tea Milk (Children)
All Measurements Are Level
Recipes Serve Four
Fish Chilli
For this, boil or pressure-
cook 1/2 lb. raw red beans as
usual, or use 1 tin kidney
beans. To make, melt 1 tbsp.
butter or margarine in a frying
pan. Add 1 large onion, minced;
1 minced green pepper and 3/4 c.
chopped celery, and saute
slowly until half tender, about

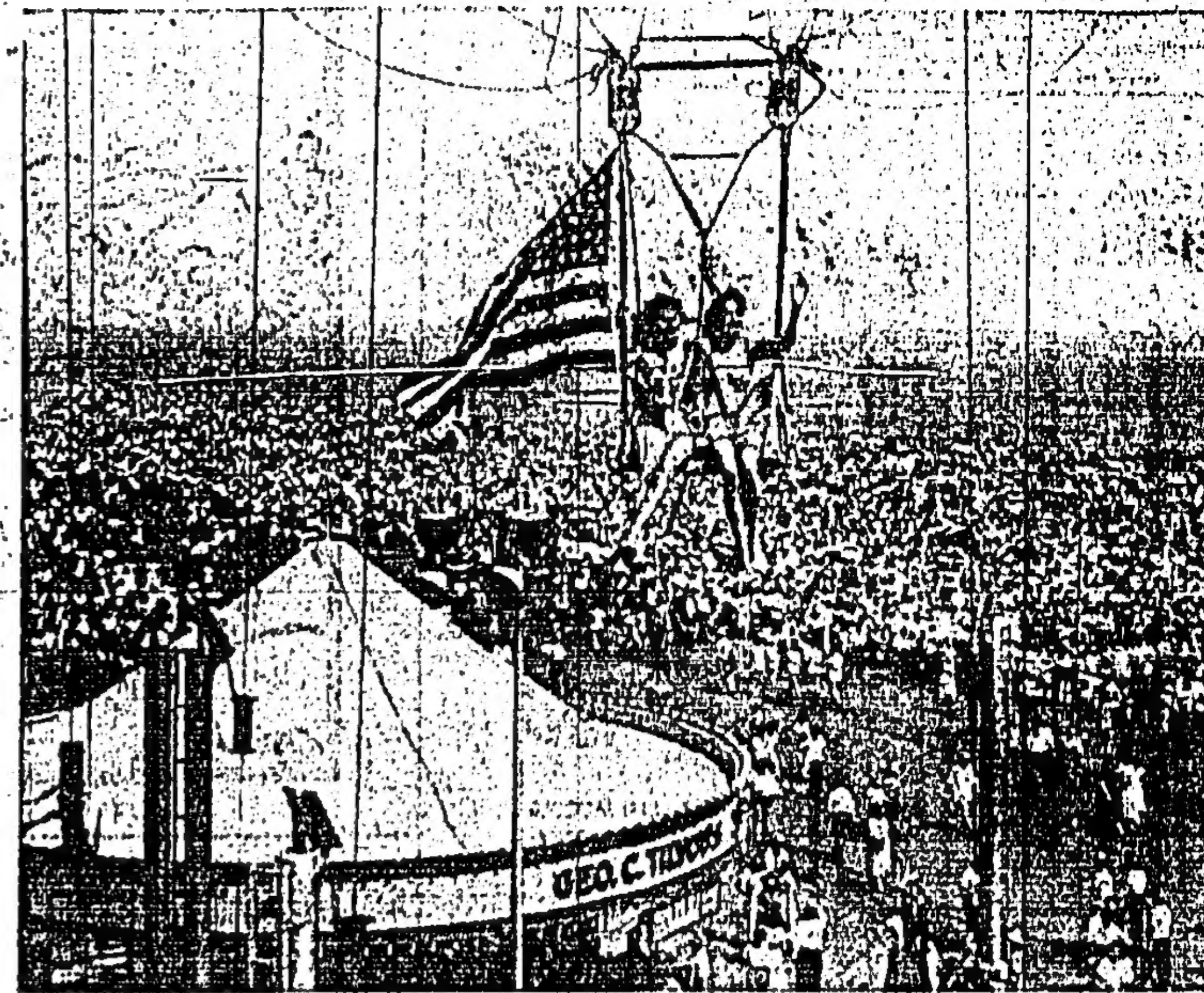
PICTORIAL NEWSFRONT



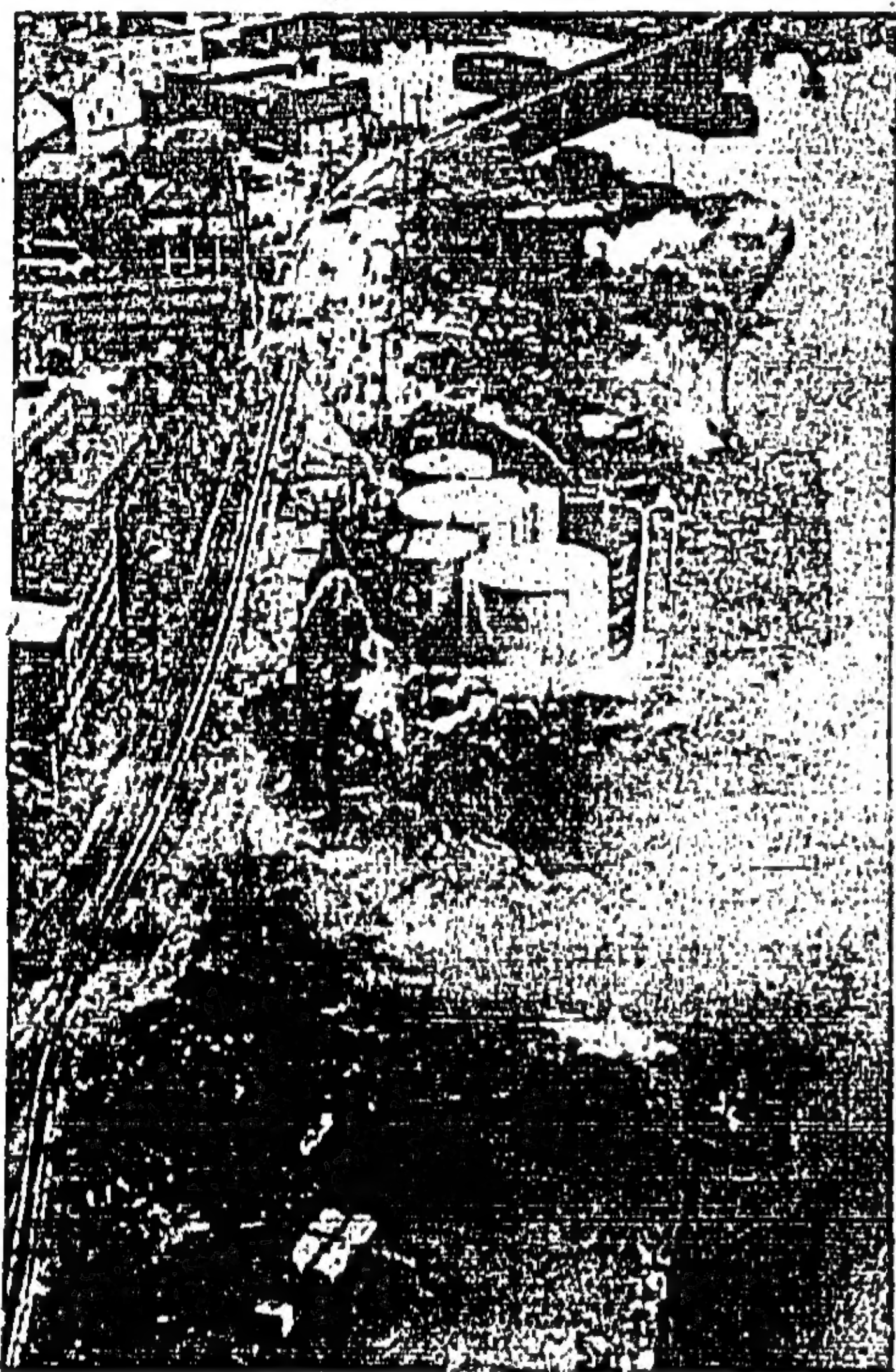
ADDS TO THE FORCE—When Madame Rachel Police, wife of a gendarme in Paris, France, gave birth to triplets, the event raised the "Police force" to five. The father, Lucien Police, waves his night stick at one of his children and vows there will be law and order in the family.



CHOW HOUNDS—Using an eye-dropper to feed them, station cook James L. Snowden holds one of seven orphaned cocker spaniels in New Orleans, Louisiana. Their mother was not there, so Snowden took over.



LOOKING THINGS OVER—Gloria Niles, left, and Lucille Menkel put on their bathing suits and rode one of the chutes at Coney Island, New York. It was an effective way to cool off when the temperature soared into the 90s, and afforded a much better view than any they could have from the ground. They were envied by an estimated week end crowd of 1,500,000.



EXPENSIVE FLAMES—Firemen pour water on oil tanks that might have destroyed all of Bangor, Maine, during a waterfront fire. The blaze destroyed an estimated US\$2,000,000 in property.



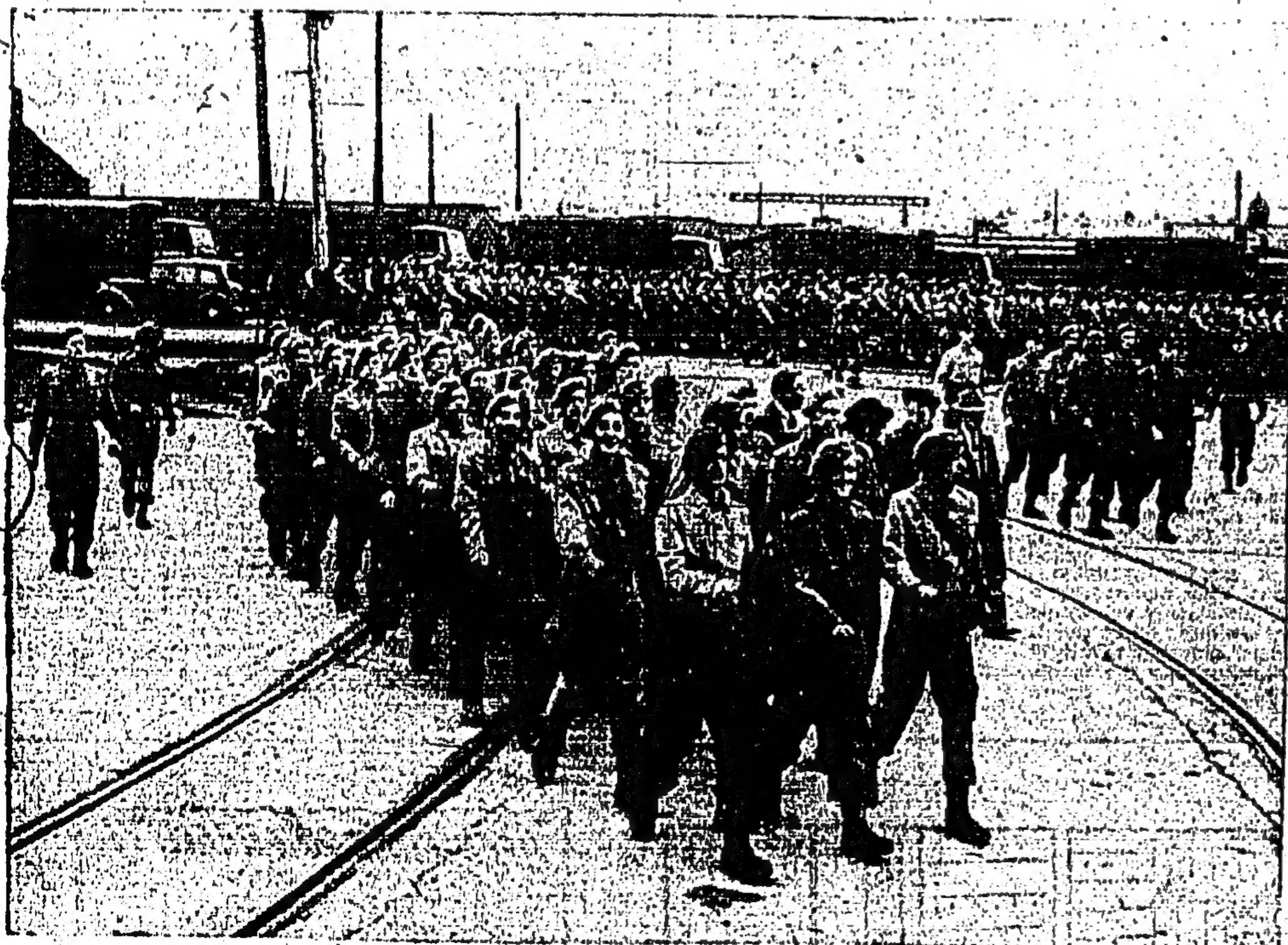
NEW USE—This cotton gingham was designed for resort or town wear. It features a U-neck, self-belt and bias-cut flounce hemline with buttons down the front.



DROUGHT IN ENGLAND—The continuously sinking level of the Hury Reservoir is threatening the water supply in Baldersdale, England. The level of this reservoir is 13½ feet below normal and means a loss of 350,000,000 gallons of water.



HAS TO LEARN SOMETIME—Two-year-old Larry Smith, in Dallas, Texas, got out his dad's razor and promptly cut his cheek. Now he's soured on the whole business of shaving and will leave the razor alone for another 15 years.



HELP UNLOAD STRIKE-BOUND SHIPS—Men of the Guards march into the Royal Victoria docks in London, England, to help unload meat from strike-bound ships. Vessels tied up in the strike, which ended after six weeks, involved several thousand men.



CANDIDATE—Mary Collins, in New York, is one of the candidates for "Miss Vanity Fair." She seems to have the qualifications a girl needs to win a beauty contest.



OLD ACQUAINTANCE—Mrs. Babe Ruth, right, and Mrs. Lou Gehrig speak with Bill Dickey, New York Yankees' coach, before a baseball game at New York's Yankee Stadium. Dickey was with the Yanks when Ruth and Gehrig were in their prime.

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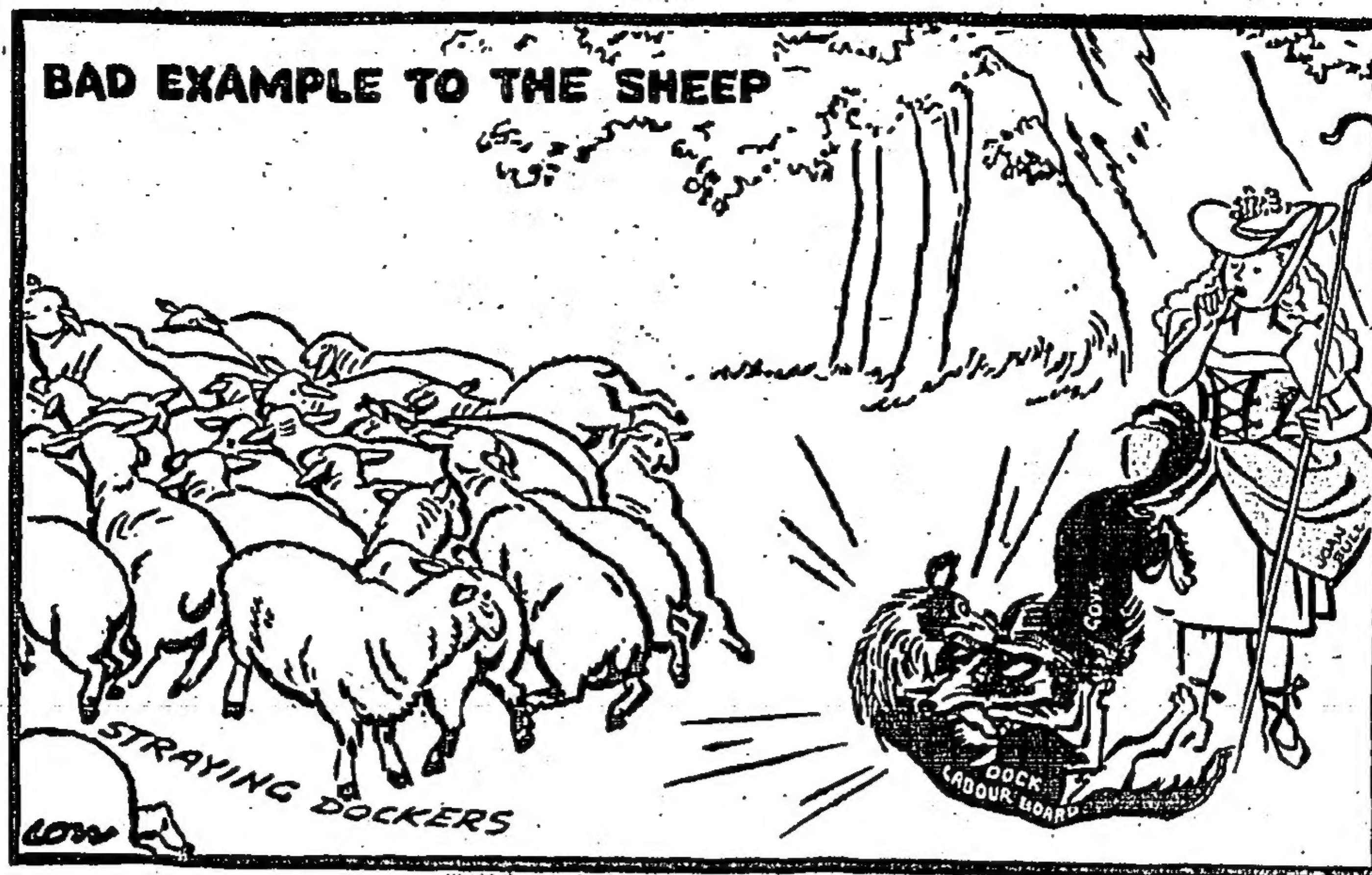
SMOKING GUNS! BURNING LIPS!
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"SPRING in PARK LANE"
with Tom Walls — Directed by Herbert Wilcox
TO-MORROW: ROBERT DONAT in "THE WINSLOW BOY"



THE LAST OF THE BATTLESHIPS?

IT is a bold man who pronounces the death sentence on a weapon of war; they so often reappear somewhere in the armament mosaic a few years after interment.

The torpedo-boat of the 90's reappeared in the last war as the motor torpedo-boat.

After the first world war the infantry soldier was condemned to death, as future wars would be fought by tanks, aeroplanes and artillery, but in the event his role was as important as it had ever been.

Except for their means of propulsion many of the ships used for the great amphibious operations were very similar to those used in the 18th century.

From earliest times the history of all war weapons has followed the same general lines.

There has been the period of gestation, during which the believers in the new weapon have had a hard struggle to convince the disbelievers of its value; this has been followed by rapid development, culminating in a short period of dominance over all other weapons; then, with the development of counter-weapons, the new weapon has been deprived of its dominance and found its place in the armament mosaic.

In this century the submarine, the mine, the tank and the aeroplane have all conformed to these immutable stages of development.

The battleship enjoyed its period of dominance for several centuries because no counter-weapon was forthcoming. Even if the lesser vessels attacked in numbers they could make no impression on the massive hulls and powerful broadsides of a battleship.

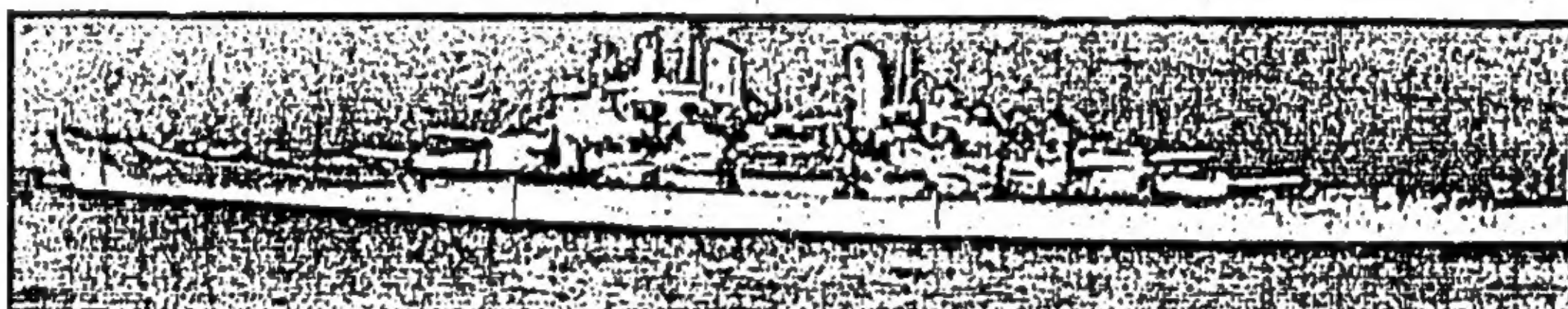
SET-BACK

It was not until the end of the 18th century that a counter-weapon appeared in the form of a small, fast vessel with a torpedo armament.

How, it was asked, could a battleship defend herself against a night attack by a number of these torpedo-boats, which she would not sight before they had fired their deadly weapons?

The answer was that she could not, and for a short period she lost her dominant position. But the antidote was soon found in the form of searchlights, quick-firing small guns and torpedo net defence, and when, a little later the first

by
Admiral Sir William James
Commander-in-Chief, Portsmouth, 1939-42; Chief of Naval Information, 1943-4.



THE VANGUARD

(42,000 tons, Cost: \$9,000,000, Completed 1940.)

Britain's only remaining operational battleship recently returned to Devonport from the Mediterranean. After refit she joins the training squadron. Soon all the world's big fleets will have withdrawn battleships from operational strength. Is their day finished—or will they come back with a different role? In this important article, one of Britain's naval chiefs of World War II gives his verdict.

torpedo-boat-destroyers were commissioned, the torpedo-boat faded out.

The battleship reigned supreme during the First World War, but another new weapon, the submarine, was now threatening her position.

She could no longer steam proudly out of harbour and defy all comers; she must take with her an anti-submarine screen of destroyers. The screen was effective and the battleship was still the arbiter in the sea war, but the tremendous success of the German submarines operating on the trade routes convinced many that the days of the battleship were numbered.

A vivid Press and platform campaign to stop building any more battleships was short-lived: the antidotes to the submarine—listening appliances, depth charges, screening vessels—were remarkably efficient during the last year of the war, and while they could be expected to improve, the submarine was not expected to be able to improve its defensive powers against them.

For a few years the battleship's position as the dominating factor in maritime war seemed to be unassailable, and then with the rapid development of the aeroplane's striking power appeared a far more serious menace to her supremacy, now the antidotes—anti-aircraft guns and thicker armour—were limited by the size of the ship, whereas it was evident that the striking power of aeroplanes would progressively increase.

some other simpler and less expensive method of operating aeroplanes over the sea would be devised. But that has not happened yet.

Nevertheless, warship design is undoubtedly in a transitional stage.

The answer to the question: "Has the battleship a future?" depends on what is meant by a "battleship." The term has always connoted the most powerful warship afloat, a ship under whose protection the trade-protecting and trade-attacking vessels have operated, a ship whose destruction must be achieved in order to gain control of the scales of communication.

A maritime power, entirely dependent on seaborne imports, cannot survive in war unless she can put into the battle warships as powerful as any that the enemy can operate. I decide that the existing form of battleship, developed from the first dreadnought is no longer the dominating factor because of her vulnerability to attack by other weapons, and therefore decide to exclude from her fleets the massive heavily-armoured and heavily-gunned ship, we can do likewise without jeopardising our prospects in a future war, provided all the remaining units in our fleet are as seaworthy and battleworthy as any they may encounter in battle.

the other maritime powers decide that the existing form of battleship, developed from the first dreadnought is no longer the dominating factor because of her vulnerability to attack by other weapons, and therefore decide to exclude from her fleets the massive heavily-armoured and heavily-gunned ship, we can do likewise without jeopardising our prospects in a future war, provided all the remaining units in our fleet are as seaworthy and battleworthy as any they may encounter in battle.

"TASK FORCE"

THE battleship's position as the dominating weapon—is today occupied by the "task force," i.e., carriers guarded against surface and submarine attack by cruisers, destroyers, and escort vessels, but it is most probable that the need of a harder core will arise, a ship to fulfil the same functions as the battleships of the Pacific task forces.

In that event the term battleship will be perpetuated in a ship with strong underwater protection against torpedoes, strongly armoured decks, and powerful batteries of rocket guns.

This new type of battleship will not, like its predecessor, be the final arbiter in a sea-war, fought mainly by submarines and aircraft, but it will be the most powerful vessel afloat and therefore worthy of the name.

To sum up. The existing form of battleship, designed to fight ships of similar design, will not be perpetuated; her function of providing a rallying point and protection for the lightly armed and lightly armoured vessels guarding the trade routes will pass to a strongly armoured vessel capable of dealing with all weapons that may be brought against them—and, for her "battle" ship will be as good a name as any other.

—(London Express Service)

He was first to fly over England

VINCENT LUNARDI made the first-ever "aerial voyage" in England in 1784. At the time he was secretary to the Neapolitan Ambassador in London.

Before 150,000 spectators he ascended in a balloon from the grounds of the Hon. Artillery Company, Moorfields, and landed two and a quarter hours later in a field near Ware, Hertfordshire.

Lunardi recorded the flight and its preparations in a series of graphic letters which he sent to his guardian, Chevalier Gherardo Compagni.

These were subsequently put into book form, and a copy, now rare, which runs to 66 pages, is being offered for sale at Sotheby's.

Money trouble

IN turning the pages I found Lunardi's first difficulty, as so often with pioneers, was money. Guinea subscribers, we are told, were offered admittance and could "have a chair near the globe the day of the ascending and may view the construction at the Lyceum (off the Strand) four different times."

For half a guinea you got a seat on benches next to the chairs and could go twice to the Lyceum.

Five hundred and twenty yards of oiled silk, in blue and red strips, were used to make the balloon, which was bellow-filled with "elastic air"—a gas similar to the fire-damp of the mines.

Twenty thousand people saw the balloon take shape. But with the cash problem surmounted Lunardi was faced with a rival.

A Frenchman, de Moret, announced he would attempt a balloon flight from a field adjoining the grounds of Chelsea Hospital, some weeks before Lunardi's venture.

Burst in flames

DE MORET'S balloon, however, burst into flames as it was being inflated.

Lunardi now decided to start from the Honourable Artillery Company's drill ground in Moorfields. The ladies of London, he records, crowded round him volunteering to accompany him on the flight.

But Lunardi resisted their appeals and went up alone. On

the great morning, September 15, the crowd of London surged into the grounds full of expectation.

Lunardi describes the start: "At five minutes after two the last gun was fired, the cords divided and the balloons rose, the company returning my signals of salute with the most unfeigned acclamations and applause."

The effect was that of a miracle on the multitudes which surrounded the place, and they passed with incredulity and amazement into the most extravagant expressions of approbation and joy.

Lunardi was airborne, together with a pigeon, which soon escaped, a cat, and a dog. In elevated mood and apparently not feeling the slightest fear, he "uncorked a bottle, drank, ate, and wrote just as in my study."

The temperature dropped to 32 degrees, and Lunardi descended, a corned beef and the common of South Mincing land the cat, which was affected by the cold.

That was at half-past three. Again he ascended and rolled on northward.

Help refused

BUT "at 20 past four I descended in a spacious meadow in the parish of Standon, near Ware, in Hertfordshire. Some labourers were at work in the fields, and I asked them for assistance. They exclaimed, however, they would have nothing to do with one who came in the devil's house or on a devil's horse."

A young woman eventually secured the cords and a crowd of villagers arrived. Lunardi records that a General Smith followed him on horseback from London, as did a number of other gentlemen riders.

They all adjourned to the Bull Inn at Ware, and the MP for Hertford, Mr William Barr, afterwards took Lunardi to his seat at Bayfordbury.

Died of shock

LUNARDI's flight had not gone without incident on the ground. A woman who saw him jettison an ear of shock for a body and died of shock.

A jury acquitted a young criminal in their haste to view the balloon as it crossed over the courthouse.

And it had a good Press. Lunardi records: "My fame has not been sparingly diffused by the newspapers which in England are the barometers of public opinion."

Lunardi found that 100,000 copies of papers a week were sold in London at that time. He ends, "Ministers of State are checked and kept in awe of them—and the papers are generally right."

—(London Express Service)

C.V.R. Thompson Reports The American Scene

NEW YORK. You will be hearing more and more of Germany's Cornelia Burch, France's Cécile Aubrey, and Sweden's Maria Torun.

THE NEXT POPE. It is widely believed in America, may be an American—Francis, Cardinal Spellman.

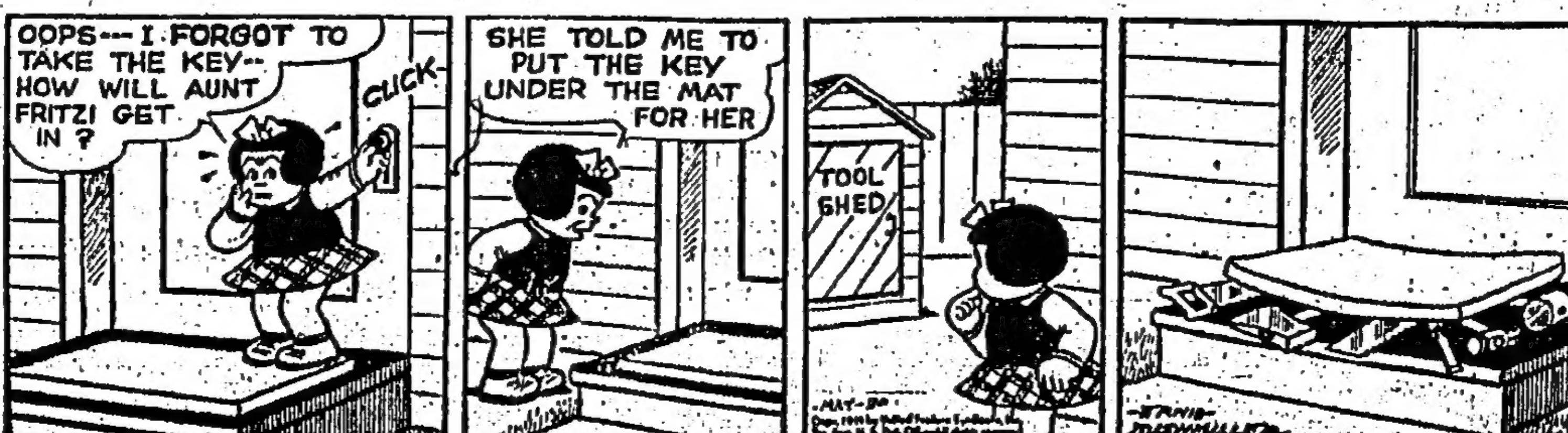
Cardinal Spellman, recently attacked the widow of his old friend, F.D.R. In an open letter he accused Eleanor Roosevelt of being anti-Catholic. She supports a Bill before Congress to prohibit parochial schools from securing in Government aid to free municipal schools.

LET CHURCHILL stay home and mind his own business, roared Left-winger Glen Taylor in the Senate. The presiding officer, who was reading a book, absent-mindedly murmured: "There being no objection, it is so ordered." The Senate just laughed.

NANCY

You Couldn't Axel!

By Ernie Bushmiller



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US Bishop Compares Vatican To Moscow

SEEKING TO "SHACKLE THE MINDS" OF CATHOLICS

Washington, Aug. 7.—Methodist Bishop G. Bromley Oxnam of New York tonight charged the Roman Catholic Church with pursuing a "striking parallel" to Communism, including "character assassination" and efforts to "shackle the minds of those they control."

Carrying on the battle over the US\$300,000,000 Federal aid to education, Bishop Oxnam accused Catholic leaders in the United States of a "coldly calculated plan" to destroy all such legislation because, he said, they did not want public schools to exist.

He then broadened his attack to take in world-wide activities of the Vatican. He said the Catholic Church was losing the support of people in Europe and "seems ready to summon the world to a holy war to salvage its power, its property and its prestige."

He also suggested that Catholic leaders might be planning to bring a separate Catholic political party on to the American scene, much as Catholic parties existed in Europe.

Bishop Oxnam is co-President of the World Council of Churches, and vice-president of the organization of Protestants and other Americans united for separation of the Church, which has been leading the fight to keep Federal funds from going to Catholic and other private schools.

His attack was delivered in a recorded radio interview, transcribed at Laconia, New Hampshire, where he is resting. The education bill, already passed by the Senate, has been side-tracked in the House because of the controversy over the question of funds for Church schools.

Bishop Oxnam said satirically: "The Roman Catholic hierarchy is responsible for killing (the measure). The American principle of separation of the Church and State is in jeopardy."

CARDINAL'S METHODS

He said Cardinal Spellman, the Catholic Archbishop of New York, "reveals the methods many expect from men determined to master American life" in his (Spellman's) criticism of Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt.

The Cardinal accused Mrs. Roosevelt of being anti-Catholic for opposing the use of Federal funds for Church schools.

"The blunt fact is that the Roman Catholic Church does not believe in our public school system," he said. He quoted from the January 1930 encyclical by Pope Pius XI concerning Catholic children and attendance at non-Catholic schools.

Comparing the Roman Catholic Church with Communism, he then said:

"Both are totalitarian. Both seek control of the minds of men everywhere. Both practice excommunication, character assassination and economic reprisals. Neither Rome nor Moscow knows what tolerance means. Both demand blind, unthinking loyalty. Neither Moscow nor Rome believes in separation of the Church and the state. Both Moscow and Rome interfere in the affairs of other states. Both Moscow and Rome seek to shackle the minds of those they control by telling them what they can and what they cannot do. What newspapers they can take."

"HITLER TECHNIQUE"

He also said that neither Russia nor the Vatican could tolerate opposition and both

EUROPEAN UNITY

(Continued on Page 1)

meet in the morning and afternoon on Thursday, in the afternoon on Friday, and in the morning on Saturday. So far no plans have been made for night meetings.

The Assembly is expected to split up into committees on Monday.

On the opening day of the Assembly British Opposition leader, Mr. Winston Churchill, M. Paul-Henri Spaak of Belgium, M. Paul Reynaud of France and other pioneers of the drive to secure greater European unity are due to attend a huge mass meeting in the centre of Strasbourg. They will address the crowds from a balcony. On August 15 Mr. Churchill will be given the Freedom of Strasbourg at a ceremony in the City Hall.

With the arrival of the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, this evening, four of the 10 Foreign Ministers due to attend tomorrow's meeting have reached Strasbourg. The others here are M. Gustav Hennrichsen of Denmark, Dr. Halvard Lange, of Norway, and M. Olof Udden, of Sweden. The remaining Foreign Ministers are due tomorrow.—Reuter.

Bevan Inspects Hospitals

Venice, Aug. 7.—The British Health Minister, Mr. Aneurin Bevan, continued his inspection of Italian hospitals and public health clinics during the week-end.

He plans to leave on Monday for Cortina, d'Ampezzo, in the Dolomites.—Associated Press.

"have perfected the Hitler technique of repeating variations often enough and big enough to insure their acceptance."

He added that the Catholic Church had become so mixed up in politics in Europe, so weighed with land holdings and so allied with "military and feudal reaction" that the "common people are turning against it."

Claiming that the Vatican appeared ready to launch a "holy war," he said: "The kingdom of God cannot be established by methods of war, nor can we destroy the Communist challenge to liberty by war."

CATHOLIC GROUPS

He said the Roman Catholic Church was seeking, like Moscow, to "divide and rule" and in doing so had created "separatives"—the establishment of separate Catholic groups such as the Roman Catholic Veterans, Roman Catholic Trade Unions and Roman Catholic Policemen, instead of just American groups.

"Is all this separatism but preparation for building a Roman Catholic political party in the United States?" he asked. "Are we to have a political party here that follows the dictates of the Vatican line?"

On the same programme on which the Oxnam interview was broadcast, a letter from Cardinal Spellman was read declining an invitation to speak on another programme to state his side of the issue.

The Cardinal pleaded "pressure of many duties."—United Press.

POLISH WARNING

Warsaw, Aug. 7.—The Polish Council of State today warned Catholics that they faced "gaol, and even death, if they 'misused' religion to oppose the regime."

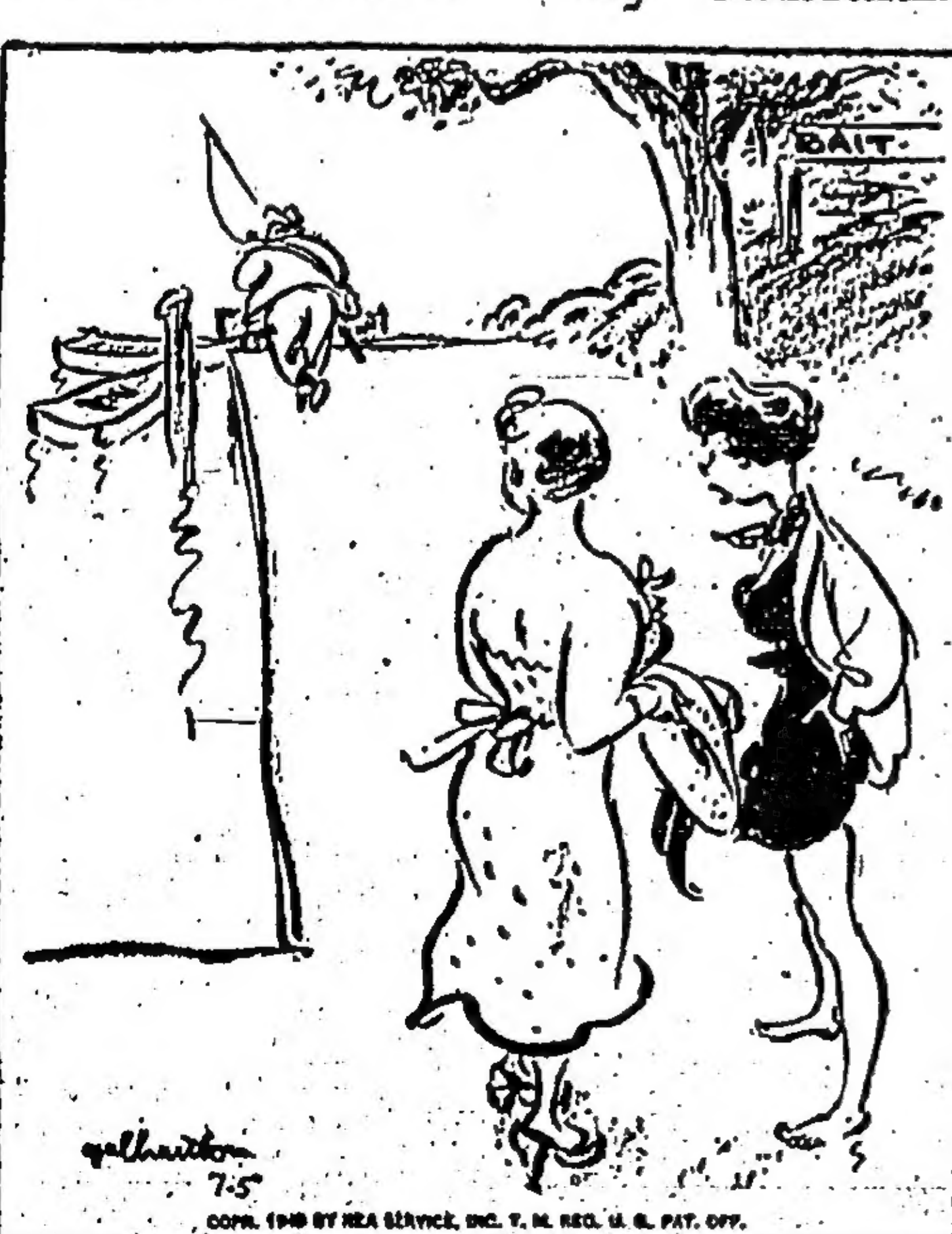
A new decree on religion, published in all newspapers throughout the nation and read in detail on the Polish radio, said the decree, approved by the Ministers in the Council of State on Friday, effectively outlawed any religious activity which the State does not approve.

It specifies a possible death sentence for persons who commit crimes against another because of religion, if the crime results in death "or if there has been a disturbance of normal public life or danger to public security."

The decree did not mention the Vatican decree of excommunication for Communists and Communist followers, but warned: "He who misuses the freedom of creed and conscience to pursue aims hostile to the structure of the Polish republic is liable to three years' imprisonment or more."

Also liable to gaol terms were persons "spreading false information in the name of religion."—United Press.

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"If dad was so tired why did he come to this hole where everybody works night and day to catch fish?—I'm the one that's getting the rest!"

US Services Doctors In London

London, Aug. 7.—A group of 12 medical officers, representing the United States Armed Forces Medical Service Division, arrived here by air this evening for a two-day visit.

The object of the visit is to gain first-hand information on the medical units of the United States Armed Forces overseas.

While in London, the medical officers will meet the Director-General of the Medical Service of the Royal Navy, the British Army and the Royal Air Force, and will confer with Admiral Richard L. Connelly, the Commander of the United States naval forces in the Eastern Atlantic and the Mediterranean.

The party includes Dr. Raymond B. Allen, Director of the Medical Service Division, Major-General George Armstrong, Deputy Surgeon-General of the Army, Rear-Admiral Clifford A. Swanson, Surgeon-General of the Navy, and Major-General C. Crow, Surgeon-General of the Air Force.

They are expected to fly to Frankfurt, Germany, next Tuesday.—Reuter.

Iran, Jordan Agree On Relations

Teheran, Aug. 7.—Iran and Hashemite Jordan announced in a joint communique today that they had reached "complete understanding" on political and economic relations.

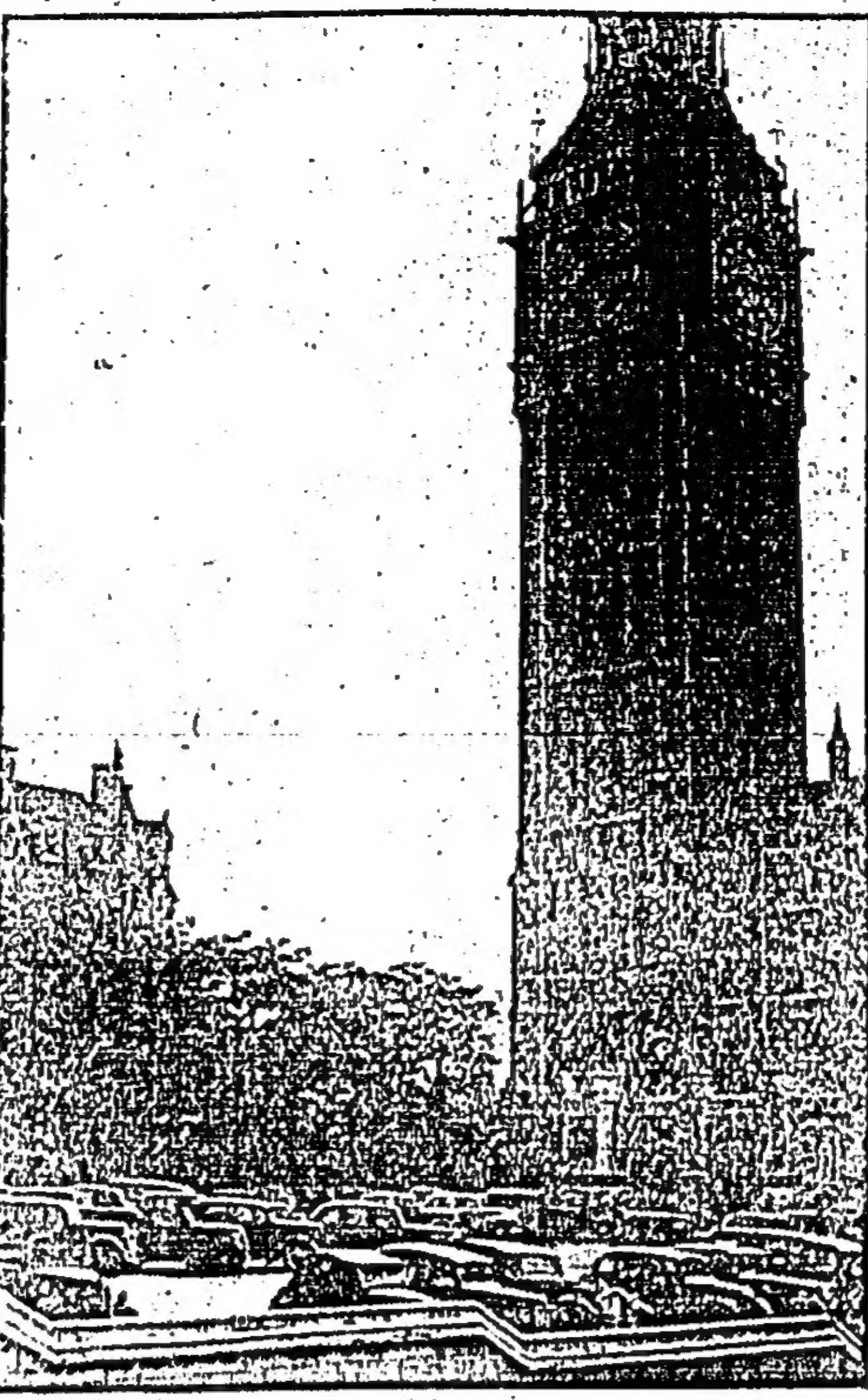
The communique said also that the two countries had agreed to co-operate in efforts to enlarge and strengthen economic and cultural relations between all Islamic countries.

The communique did not mention the signing of any written agreement, but informed sources predicted that the two countries would formalize the agreement in a signed treaty.

The announcement came as King Abdullah prepared to return to Hashemite Jordan tomorrow after an official 12-day visit to Iran.

The communique said that the two countries had agreed to differences between the Islamic countries by friendly and peaceful means.—Associated Press.

ALL-NIGHT SITTING



Thirteen minutes past eight in the morning by Big Ben, and these MPs' cars are still parked outside the House of Commons. The occasion: the recent debate on the Iron and Steel Bill, which lasted for 18 hours. —(London Express Service).

Allies' Unlimited Rule In Germany Over-Adenauer DISMANTLING POLICY CRITICISED

Cologne, Aug. 7.—Dr. Konrad Adenauer, leader of the Christian Social Party in the British Zone of Germany, told an election meeting in Bonn today that with the establishment of a German Parliament the "unlimited rule of the Occupation Powers is over."

He added that the "foreign countries must reconcile themselves to that fact and also to the fact that the period of Germany's collapse was also over."

Criticising the Allies' dismantling policy, Dr. Adenauer said that the question would not be settled until it had been dealt with on a "just and sensible basis."

Dr. Adenauer called the action by the British authorities in bringing before military courts those Germans who refused to carry out dismantling orders "a contradiction of the unwritten British law of human justice."

He described as "a little too strong" the recent statement by Dr. Schumacher, leader of the German Social Democrats, that Great Britain had only entered the second world war to destroy German competition, but he added that "because some of the German people were certainly responsible for the war because they supported Hitler without showing any backbone, Great Britain should not expect us to accept the Allies' dismantling policy lying down."—Reuter.

SERIOUS FIGHTING IN BURMA

Rangoon, Aug. 7.—Railway crews returning from country runs today reported serious fighting against government troops by combined Army, deserters and Communist forces North of Rangoon.

The railwaymen said that the fighting centred on Tantanin, a small town 25 miles North of Rangoon.

Meanwhile, newspaper reports of peace talks between the rebel Karens and the Burmese Army High Command, which have begun in the Burmese delta, said that the Karens were willing to cease fighting if allowed to retain their arms.

To this the Army will not agree, but promises full protection to those who discontinue the rebellion.

Today's official communique said that government forces at Shwemyo, midway between the central Burma towns of Pyin Omya and Yamethin, killed 40 rebels when repelling an attack.—Associated Press.

US Army To Pay More Attention To Japan

Washington, Aug. 7.—The Army Under-Secretary designate, Tracy Voorhees, said today that in future he expected to devote "a great deal more time" to Japan than he had been able to do in the past.

He said that within the next month most of the questions concerning Germany would be shifted to the State Department and his office would be almost completely free to deal with Japan.

Mr. Voorhees said he thought the fact was a good indication of the Army's intention to retain full administrative control of Japan. He said the cut of 10 percent in military funds proposed by Congress would "make it pretty hard" to work out various financial programmes in Japan, but added that he believed it could be managed.

Mr. Voorhees expects to leave for a visit to Japan in "about two weeks," it confirmed by the Senate in his new position. Congressional sources believe there is little doubt that he will be confirmed.

Mr. Voorhees said he was in constant touch with the Financial expert, Mr. Joseph Dodge, who returned from Tokyo several weeks ago. He was "very hopeful" that he could persuade Mr. Dodge to return to Tokyo.

State Department officials, commenting on the administrative changes in Japan, said General MacArthur had made it clear that his headquarters "would like to get out of running the government" and thought that civilian administrators on lower levels would be less offensive to the Japanese.

They added, however, that so far as they knew the Army had no desire to relinquish overall control, and President Truman had not yet decided that they should.—United Press.

Hamburg, Aug. 7.—Frontier posts on the Dutch-German border have been warned to watch for 20 dangerous German convicts who escaped in a mass prison break.

Officials think some of them might try to enter Zealand. The convicts were being hunted today by hundreds of police over 24,000 square miles of Western Germany. An area 180 miles eastwards from the Dutch frontier and 200 miles south from the North Sea is being combed.

Thirty men escaped from a penal camp in the 'Emoland' during a prison riot on Friday night. Ten have so far been recaptured.

Officials said that the men were all serving life or long-term sentences and were desperate.—Associated Press.

Radio Hongkong

LIST
A "Hongkong Calling" Programme
Summary of Children's Story:
"In the Malay Service" by "Sea Lion" (Sponsored by the Morning Watch) (BBC7): 6.30. TV: Evening Time: 1940 Super Rhythmic: 7. Hosted by Mary Simpson. Studio: 1.30. Portuguese Half Hour (Studio): 8. (London Relay): 8.15. Light Musical Selections: 8.30. "I Like What You Say" (Studio): 8.45. From the records: (London Relay): 9.10. Weather Forecast: 9.15. Radio News Real: 9.20. Storm Warning: Written and Produced by Peter Huth for the Hongkong State Club. (Studio): 9.25. Concerto: Concerto No. 4 in D Major, Op. 6 (Paganini); Yehudi Menuhin (Violin) and the Orchestra Symphonique de Paris Conducted by Pierre Monteux: 10.20. Music for Dancing: 11. Radio News Real (London Relay): 11.15. Weather Report and Summary of News: 11.20. Close down.

OUTWARD MAILS

Unregistered correspondence only for Shanghai, Tientsin and North China can be accepted at sender's risk, and will be forwarded as opportunity offers.

Unless otherwise stated registered articles and parcels close 20 minutes earlier than the ordinary mail. It mails close before 10 a.m. Registered and parcel posts close at 5 p.m. on the previous day. Mails are closed at Kowloon Central Post Office half an hour earlier than the G.P.O. closing times.

MONDAY, AUGUST 8
Closing Times by Air
Canton, (CFO): 10 a.m., 1.30 p.m., 4 p.m. (GPO): 9.30 a.m., 1.30 p.m., 4.30 p.m.
Tientsin, Hellow, Swatow, Amoy, Luchow, Kuning, Chungking and Chengtu, 3.30 p.m.
Bangkok, Hongkong, Calcutta, Karachi, (Bass, Nairobi, Bombay, Daru, Siam, Mauritius, Johannesburg, Cairo, Via Rome, London, Alexandria, Rome and London, (CFO): 4.30 p.m. (GPO): 5 p.m. Singapore, 5 p.m.

Closing Times by Sea
Japan and Canada via Vancouver, B.C., 3 p.m.
Air Parcel Post or Mails, Honolulu and U.S.A., (CFO): 4.30 p.m. (GPO): 5 p.m.
Ordinary Air Mail (Printed Matter, Samples and Small Packets) to Europe, Africa, India, Hongkong and U.S.A., (CFO): 4.30 p.m. (GPO): 5 p.m.
Bangkok, 5 p.m.

SHOWING **KING'S** SHOWING
TO-DAY **AIR-CONDITIONED** TO-DAY
AT 2.30, 5.00, 7.20 & 9.45 P.M.



— AND —
"THE STORY of BIRTH"
— FOR ADULTS ONLY —

TO-DAY **QUEEN'S** ONLY
BY POPULAR REQUEST—ONE DAY ONLY
At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



OPENING TO-MORROW
5 SHOWS: 12.30, 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.
A Yung Hwa Masterpiece!
"THE SINS OF OUR FATHERS"
With Complete English Translations!

LEE THEATRE **LIBERTY**
AIR-CONDITIONED

FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY
DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



No Harder Guy Ever Lived!
No Softer Lips Ever Lived!
WHIPLASH
WARNER BROS. New Story Sensation!
STARRING
DANE CLARK-ALEXIS SMITH-ZACHARY SCOTT-EVE ARDEN
WITH JEFFREY LYNN-S. Z. SAKALL-ALAN HALE
DIRECTED BY LEW SEILER

ALHAMBRA THEATRE
Air-Freshened
TO-DAY ONLY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.
There'll Never Be Another Story Like His!



OPENS 5 SHOWS DAILY
TO-MORROW **"The Sins Of Our Fathers"**
A Yung Hwa Masterpiece!

DROWNED IN TYPHOON **OIL GUSHER IN ITALY**

Shanghai, Aug. 7.—Delayed reports from the Pootung and Nankai areas indicated today that from 1,000 to 2,000 persons were drowned during the recent typhoon when high waves smashed the protective sea walls.—United Press.

Rome, Aug. 7.—Rome reported tonight that a gusher 150 feet high rose when, fresh 64, was struck today at the recently discovered oilfield at Cortomaggiore, Northern Italy.—Reuter.

ENGLAND'S TEAM FOR FINAL TEST

Wright & Alec Bedser Recalled

London, Aug. 7.—The Yorkshire all-rounder, Brian Close, the youngest cricketer to appear for England when he played in the third Test match against New Zealand at Manchester recently, has been omitted from the English team for the final Test beginning at the Oval next Saturday.

England's team will be selected from the following 12 players:—

Ken Grieves May Not Tour India

Bury, Aug. 6.—Ken Grieves, the Australian all-rounder who plays for Lancashire, is unlikely to accept the invitation to tour India this winter with the British Empire cricket team.

Grieves, who plays goalkeeper for Bury, the second division soccer team, resigned for that club today. Bury placed Grieves on the transfer list at £5,000 but on appeal to the Football League by the player, the fee was reduced to £4,000. Manchester City were hopeful of securing Grieves to replace the retired Frank Swift, but the difference between the club and player were settled today, when Grieves resigned for Bury—Reuter.

F. R. Brown, Northamptonshire (Captain); W. J. Edrich, Middlesex; T. E. Bailey, Essex; R. T. Simpson, Nottinghamshire; L. Hutton, Yorkshire; D. Compton, Middlesex; C. Washbrook, Lancashire; T. G. Evans, Kent; D. V. Wright, Kent; A. V. Bedser, Surrey; J. C. Laker, Surrey; and E. Hollies, Warwickshire.

The final selection of the side will not be made until the morning of the match, and it is likely that either Wright or Hollies will be omitted for, if they both play, the attack would be unbalanced.

Brown, the captain, Wright and Hollies all bowl leg-breaks, and it is extremely unlikely that an England team would take the field with three bowlers of this type. With Laker, an off-spinner, included, England's attack would possess pace from Bailey and Bedser, with help if necessary from Edrich, two leg-break bowlers, an off-spinner and Compton's left-arm slow, a much more satisfactory combination.—Reuter.

More Support For Four Day Tests

London, Aug. 7.—Following the inability of England or New Zealand to force a win in the first three Tests of the present series, there is a new move afoot to have the Tests against next year's West Indies team extended to four days each instead of three.

The West Indies, like New Zealand, have not gained a Test victory in England. They have won on five occasions at home, but since their last tour in England in 1939 they have made such a considerable advance that it is being suggested that next year's eleven will end England's unbeaten home record. But this is not likely to be accomplished in the three days available for each Test.

The West Indians have proved almost as great a force as the Australians, but there seems little prospect of them displacing the powerful England batting side within three days and getting the necessary runs to win.

Supporters of four-day Tests feel that unless something is done, interest in these international clashes will wane. Four days is an ideal duration for such a game, as it provides reasonable time for the completion of four innings.

The strongest opposition to any change to four-day Tests, other than for matches against Australia, comes from the Advisory County Committee. With Tests limited to three

days, County clubs are deprived of the services of their stars for only one match, but if the Tests overlap to a fourth day such players would have to miss a second match and be standing idle for two days.

The visit of the West Indies side next summer assumes additional importance since it is practically certain that their party will include at least three fast bowlers in the Ray Lindwall category.

The New Zealanders have been unable to provide this type of opposition, and England's batsmen will be anxious to have a look at some real fast bowling before encountering Lindwall on the 1950-51 tour of Australia.

County Cricket Standings

London, Aug. 6.—The current positions in the County Cricket championship table, including the series of matches which ended yesterday are as follows:

	P	W	L	D	No Dec.	Lost Draw	Points
Middlesex	20	10	8	0	0	0	140
Worcestershire	19	10	7	0	0	0	138
Warwickshire	19	9	8	0	0	0	128
Yorkshire	19	8	9	0	0	0	112
Surrey	18	9	7	0	0	0	110
Glamorgan	18	8	8	0	0	0	108
Gloucestershire	18	8	8	0	0	0	104
Nottinghamshire	18	7	9	0	0	0	102
Essex	18	7	9	0	0	0	98
Kent	18	6	11	0	0	0	82
Derbyshire	18	5	12	0	0	0	72
Nottinghamshire	18	5	12	0	0	0	72
Sussex	18	5	12	0	0	0	68
Lancashire	18	4	13	0	0	0	66
Somerset	18	4	14	0	0	0	62
Hampshire	18	3	15	0	0	0	40
Leicestershire	18	3	15	0	0	0	40

Batting & Bowling Averages

The first ten in the batting and bowling averages are:

BATTING:

	Inns.	Not Outs	Runs	Highest	Average
B. T. Simpson (Nottingham)	29	5	1597	189	62.19
J. Hardstaff (Nottingham)	29	6	1507	189	62.19
John Langridge (Sussex)	42	5	2335	234	61.72
W. Keeton (Nottingham)	29	5	1507	189	62.19
L. Hutton (Yorkshire)	39	8	2113	201	62.14
M. Donnelly (N. Z.)	33	6	1671	200	61.88
D. J. Brown (Sussex)	20	2	1212	219	60.60
C. Washbrook (Lancashire)	16	1	947	141	53.70
H. Dollery (Warwickshire)	30	4	1008	200	60.00
H. Dollery (Sussex)	34	8	1402	219	62.92

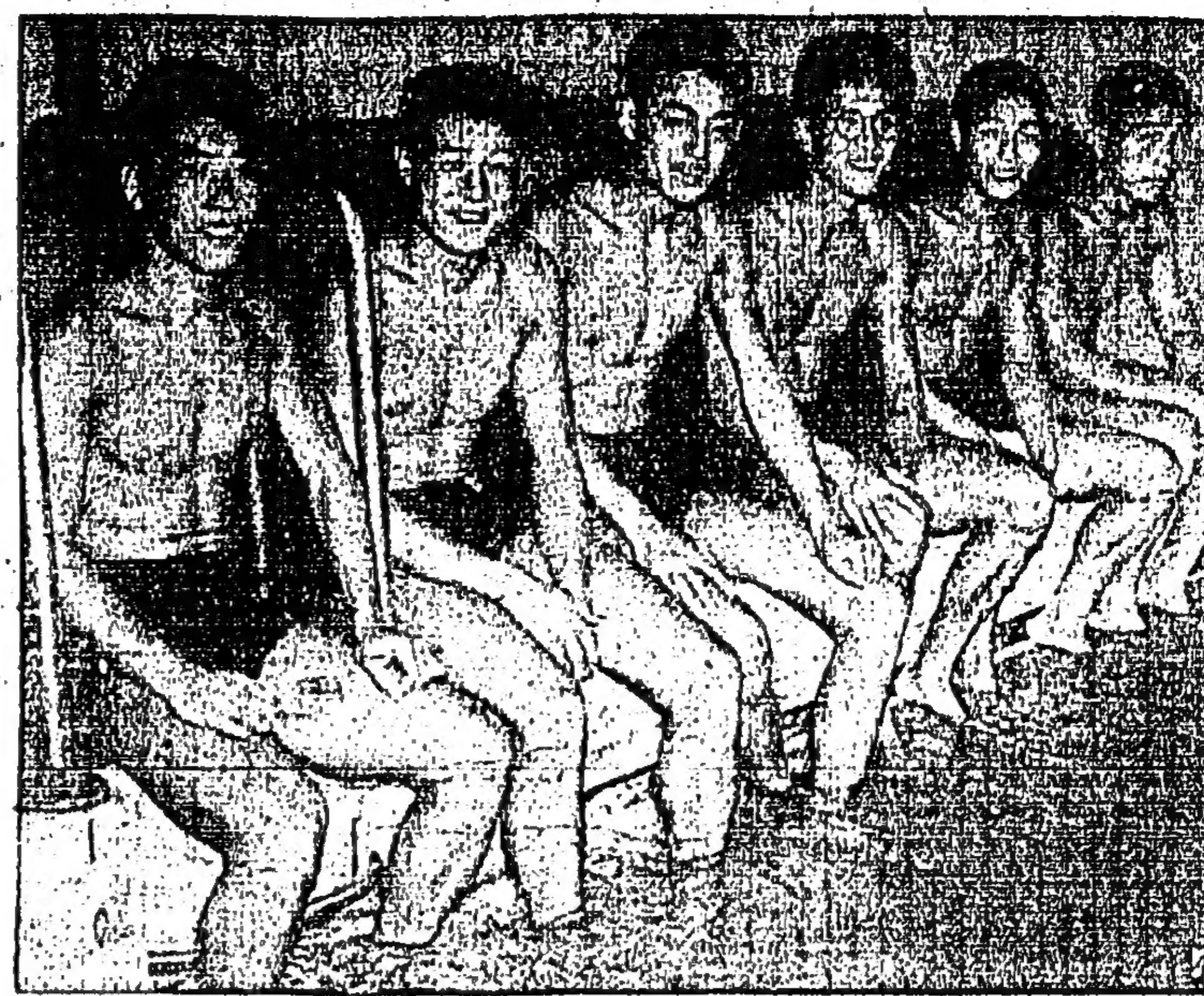
BOWLING:

	O	M	R	W	Average
A. H. Kender (Warwick)	594.3	237	1113	64	17.39
J. C. Laker (Surrey)	614.1	304	1533	86	17.61
D. Wright (Kent)	554.3	272	1361	78	17.59
L. Jackson (Derby)	763.1	380	1747	94	18.58
H. Harell (Somerset)	627.2	311	1421	75	18.94
C. Gladwin (Derby)	720.1	310	1535	80	19.01
J. Young (Middlesex)	1031.3	391	1890	102	18.51
H. Howarth (Worcestershire)	680.1	317	1713	88	19.46
T. Goddard (Gloucestershire)	682.9	324	2407	125	19.26
L. Muncey (Glamorgan)	604.3	237	1044	62	20.04

Mister Conquest



NIPPING BACK INTO COMPETITION



These Japanese swimmers, named by the Japan Swimming Federation, will compete in the AAU meet to be held in Los Angeles later this month.

They are (L-R): Konoshin Furuhashi, who was clocked in world record time of 4:34.6 for the 100-metre freestyle in the Japanese swimming championships at Tokyo on July 24; Hishihiko Hamaguchi, 100-metre freestyle; Shiro Hashizume, who has finished second to Furuhashi in all events this year; Shuichi Murayama, 800 metre relays and captain; Sumio Tanaka, 400 and 1,500 metres, and if a sixth man is included on team, Shieyuki Maruyama.—AP Wirephoto.

BRIGHTENING UP FOOTBALL

Not Too Much Support For Re-Introduction Of Old Offside Rule

London, Aug. 7.—Recent experiments with the offside rule, which had been proposed by the Scottish Football Association in an effort to defeat the uninteresting "third back" game, have produced conflicting reports.

The trials provided for a field divided into three equal parts without the halfway line. Players were not offside except in the areas nearest goal and the pre-1925 offside rule, which required three defenders instead of two between an opponent and the goal, operated.

While Scottish teams have reported keen public interest and an improvement in the game, a recent private trial by Tottenham Hotspurs, the London Second Division club, was not a success in the general opinion of the newspapermen and football officials who were present.

A trial between the Scottish clubs, Hearts and Edinburgh, appeared satisfactory. There were fewer stoppages in the centre of the field and only three offside infringements in the whole match, which ended with a score of four goals to three.

The main difficulty experienced by the players was the change-over to the old style of football before the present offside rule came into being 24 years ago.

The Tottenham trial demonstrated the value of the forwards ready to go through on their own, but the experiment proved little else and will remain inconclusive until players and officials are rehearsed more fully in the new proposed rule.

Eight goals were scored in this match but they were more or less individual efforts which would have resulted in goals under normal conditions.

The young Spurs players knew very little about the old style of football and during the course of the game tended to forget their wings and instinctively played their normal way.

All Blacks Win

Pretoria, Aug. 6.—The New Zealand touring Rugby Union team today defeated the hitherto unbeaten Northern Transvaal side by six points (penalty goal and dropped goal) to three points (penalty goal).

All the scoring was in the first half. Scott setting the points for the All Blacks and Brawley kicking Northern Transvaal's penalty goal.—Reuter.

All Star Entry In U.S. Diving

Los Angeles, Aug. 8.—Olympic springboard champion Bruce Harlan has entered the U.S. Men's Swimming and Diving Championships, in which a team from Japan will compete.

The meet will be held on August 17 through August 19, under the sponsorship of the U.S. Amateur Athletic Union.

Others entered include Korean American Dr. Sammy Lee, Olympic tower diver, Miller Anderson, Harlan's Ohio State teammate, Norman Spear Jr., of North Carolina, and Juan Capilla of Mexico who finished third in the Olympic springboard event behind Harlan and Anderson.—Associated Press.

Waiting On The Wind

Calais, Aug. 7.—The Dutch swimmer, Dik Schermer, decided today to postpone his attempt to swim the Channel as the wind was not favourable. He may start from Cap Gris Nez tomorrow afternoon.—Reuter.

BASEBALL PLANS TO CONQUER THE ORIENT

By WHITNEY MARTIN

New York, Aug. 7.—Ray Dumont, head of the United States Baseball Congress, has received goodwill reports of the interest in baseball in the Far East from Admiral Giles C. Stedman, Commissioner in that area.

Admiral Stedman informs Dumont that Gen. Douglas MacArthur has approved three recommendations concerning baseball operations in the territory under his control.

1. That Korea be granted membership in the congress.
2. That an American professional team be permitted to visit Japan and the Philippines this year.
3. That the Congress stage a world playoff in Japan in 1950.

The professional team which will tour Japan will be the San Francisco Seals of the Pacific Coast League, whose proposal to make such a tour without profit and with any money above expenses going to MacArthur for charity distribution promptly was accepted.

Admiral Stedman, who spent two months touring South China, Korea and Japan before returning to his base at Manila, said he attended the final game of the high school playoffs in Korea and that the brand of baseball compared favourably with that of American high schools.

Interest in the sport in both Korea and Japan is tremendous, Adm. Stedman reports. Fans in Japan, he said, are divided into two sharply outlined groups—those interested in the professional and those who follow the amateurs.—Associated Press.

Baseball Results

New York, Aug. 7.—Today's baseball scores were:

	R	H	E
Chicago	4	13	0
Washington	1	8	1
White Sox	p. Gumbert; c. Malone.		
Senators	p. Harris; Gettel; c. Early.		
Chicago (nightcap)	0	8	2
Washington	1	7	1
White Sox	p. Pierce; c. Wheeler.		
Senators	p. Hittler; c. Evans.		
Cleveland	4	0	1
Philadelphia	5	10	0
Indians	p. Wynn; Bearden, Faige; c. Hegau.		
Athletics	p. Brissie; Harris; c. Guerra.		
Cleveland (nightcap)	2	11	0
Philadelphia	4	8	2
Indians	p. Benton; Gromek; c. Tresh; Hegan.		
Athletics	p. Coleman; c. Guerra.		
Detroit	6	9	2
Boston	4	12	0
Tigers	p. Houlihan; c. Swift.		
Red Sox	p. McDermott; Masterson; Hugheson; c. Batis, Tebbetts.		
St. Louis	2	0	3
New York	20	22	1
Browns	p. Kennedy; Starr; Drowa; Embree; c. Lolla.		
Yankees	p. Byrne; c. Berra, Hahros.		
St. Louis (nightcap)	2	X	X
New York	2	X	X
(The game was called due to darkness)			

Chicago (nightcap) 0 8 2
Washington 1 7 1
White Sox: p. Pierce; c. Wheeler.
Senators: p. Hittler; c. Evans.
Cleveland 4 0 1
Philadelphia 5 10 0
Indians: p. Wynn; Bearden, Faige; c. Hegau.
Athletics: p. Brissie; Harris; c. Guerra.
Cleveland (nightcap) 2 11 0
Philadelphia 4 8 2
Indians: p. Benton; Gromek; c. Tresh; Hegan.
Athletics: p. Coleman; c. Guerra.
Detroit 6 9 2
Boston 4 12 0
Tigers: p. Houlihan; c. Swift.
Red Sox: p. McDermott; Masterson; Hugheson; c. Batis, Tebbetts.
St. Louis 2 0 3
New York 20 22 1
Browns: p. Kennedy; Starr; Drowa; Embree; c. Lolla.
Yankees: p. Byrne; c. Berra, Hahros.
St. Louis (nightcap) 2 X X
New York 2 X X
(The game was called due to darkness)

Horace Lindrum, the Australian champion, who came to England early this year primarily to make a bid for the crown, has not entered, and Walter Donaldson, a former holder, has stated that "unless the entry is representative, I shall withdraw."

Donaldson said that he understood several of the better-known players were objecting to the new condition about stakes for each match, adding: "I entirely agree."

"If Sidney Smith and others of his calibre do not take part, I will not participate either, as it would then be a farcical affair," he declared.

Lindrum said that he had attended a meeting of the Players' Association, which unanimously agreed against the stake rule.—Reuter.

OPEN RINKS RESULTS

Playing at KEGG, J. C. Remedios, J. H. Xavier, A. P. Pereira and C. C. Pereira beat G. A. Gutierrez, A. P. Noronha, A. P. Gutierrez and J. E. Noronha, 20-16, in the Open Rinks Championship yesterday.

C. R. Souza, J. W. Leonard, A. E. Coates and B. W. Bradbury beat E. V. Alves, A. V. Lopes, E. R. Rossetti and C. R. Rossetti, 30-0.

At KCC, F. A. Plume, E. Greenwood, J. C. Meyer and J. McKelvie beat B. P. F. Marques, F. X. Soares, R. F. Luz and J. A. Luz, 23-14.

A. Atkins, G. Thompson, A. J. Hall and L. Sykes were leading 1, M. Omar, K. M. Omar, A. M. Omar and U. M. Omar by 11-5 after ten heads when the game was abandoned on account of rain. It will be continued on Sunday.

J. A. Collyer beat A. J. Collyer 21-10, at HKFC in the open singles.

Czech Wins Road Walking Race

Prague, Aug. 7.—Josef Dolezal, of Czechoslovakia, broke his own 1946 record to win the 50-kilometre Prague to Podersky international walking race today.

His time was 4 hrs. 31 mins. 47.6 secs., compared with the old record of 4 hrs. 33 mins. and 40 secs., set by Czechoslovakian, J. C. Meyer and J. McKelvie, in 1946.

ATHLETICS

London Beats

Gothenburg

London, Aug. 6.—Gothenburg, winning only four of the 13 events, were defeated by London by 83 points to 57 in an athletics contest today at the White City stadium.

A crowd of 80,000 watched the meeting, in which 21 Olympic athletes took part. The Swedes won two track events, the mile and the 120 yards hurdles, and two field events, the discus and the hammer throw.

Long striding Arthur Wint, Olympic 400 metre champion, defeated the British champion, John Barrett, by a foot in the half mile. Wint's time was one minute and 53.7 seconds.

L. Laing, the little Jamaican, beat his compatriot MacDonald Bailey by three yards in 9.8 seconds in the 100 yards. Douglas Wilson, former British mile champion, gave a brilliant exhibition to win the two miles by 12 yards in 9 minutes and 10.4 seconds.

The winning Olympic jump of 6 feet 6 inches was equalled by Ron Pavitt in winning the high jump. His performance beat by one inch the English native record set up by Howard Baker 28 years ago.

Two world records were set up when a women's southern counties team won a mile and a half relay (three times 880 yards) in seven minutes and 7.5 seconds.

No world figures had previously been recognized for the three times 880 yards, but in 1913, a French trio had put up the world time of seven minutes and 18 seconds for a relay of three times 800 metres.

Officials today also took the time for this distance—which is about ten yards shorter than the English measurements—and the Southern counties team recorded seven minutes and 6.8 seconds, which was 0.2 seconds inside the previous best.—Reuter.

Javelin Record

Moscow, Aug. 6.—A Leningrad woman, Natalia Smirnitkaya, has set up what is believed to be a new world women's javelin throw record of 53.41 metres, Soviet authorities reported today.

The women's Olympic record, set in 1948 by H. Baume of Austria, is 45.57 metres. Soviet javeliners have been steadily going after world records and a good number are reported to have been broken in the past year.

Soviet women are excellent track performers, especially in the discus, broad jump, middle distances and distance running.—Associated Press.

Donald Finlay Sets Scottish Record

Glasgow, Aug. 6.—Donald Finlay, 24-year-old British hurdles champion, broke his own Scottish all-comers record for the 120 yards hurdles by one fifth of a second with 14.5 seconds in the Glasgow Rangers meeting today.

A crowd of 50,000 saw Finlay beat the American R. Atlesway by inches.—Reuter.

Britons Taking To Baseball

London, Aug. 7.—Quietly and unobtrusively, the popularity of baseball has been growing in Britain. In the North and in the Midlands, where the sport has its strongest appeal, crowds of 10,000 are not unusual.

More and more young Britons are being attracted to the game, and Britain is building up her stars. The teams are assisted by American and Canadian residents in England.

Some people think baseball may one day push cricket out of the picture as Britain's leading summer sport.

Baseball matches in the North and the Midlands have been able to fill large arenas. In the South, where its appeal has been slower to reach the public, it is played mostly in public parks, where there are no admission charges.

Much of the credit for the popularity of baseball in Britain belongs to American-born Mr. Maxim Joubert, President of the Southern Counties Association, who once played in the Anglo-American League.—Reuter.

